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# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA Metairie, Louisiana

Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

As of the Year Ended October 31, 2005 With Supplemental Information

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 5-10-06

T. A. HARRIS, INC.

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

Basic Financial Statements
And Independent Auditor's Reports
As of and for the Year Ended October 31, 2005
With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Vice Chairman
LANCE ALBIN
Treasurer
KYLE FRANCE
Secretary
FRANK LEVY
Assistant Secretary | Treasurer
ROBERT J. LAMBERT
General Manager

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 7656, METAIRIE, LOUISIANA 70010 • TELEPHONE 835-3118 • FAX 835-2518 email: gnoec@gnoec.org

April 24, 2006

To Members of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission

The Annual Financial Report of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission (GNOEC) for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2005 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the GNOEC's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the GNOEC. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the GNOEC's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and other supplemental information. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter. The financial section has been prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 34. This section includes the following: Report of Independent Auditor; Management Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information); Basic Financial Statements and Notes to Financial Statements. The other supplemental information section includes schedules required by the Bond Indenture Agreements.

#### **PROFILE**

The Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission was established in 1954 as the governing body with jurisdiction over the Expressway. The Commission is a special purpose government engaged in business type activities. By legislative enactment, after all bonds, principal and interest, are fully paid, the Expressway becomes the property of the State of Louisiana and thereafter will be operated and maintained by the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development as a toll-free (non-business type) facility and as part of the state highway system.

The Commission provides for the policing of the Expressway, the operation and maintenance of the Expressway and the associated administrative services. By legislative mandate in 1986, the Commission provides for the policing of the Huey P. Long Bridge.

#### **SAFETY**

A major priority of the Commission is the safety of the motoring public crossing the Expressway. The Expressway is experiencing an excellent safety record. The Commission has implemented a public information system that includes the internet, radio announcements, brochures, call boxes and variable message signs. These systems help to inform and educate the public about safety on the Expressway. A traffic monitoring program, consisting of security cameras and radar system, is underway and will be fully operational within the next few months. The Expressway has its own police department and operates the following safety programs: motorists assist vehicles; wrecker; rescue truck, and the rolling convoy for fog abatement.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION, MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL

A detailed understanding of the financial position and operating results of the GNOEC is provided in the report. Presented below is a brief description of financial information, management of financial resources and obligations, and control techniques applicable to financial resources, obligations, and information.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The accrual basis of accounting is used, which means revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### **Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control**

In developing and evaluating the GNOEC's accounting control system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Accounting control comprises the plan of organization and the procedures and records that are concerned with the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records and consequently are designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

- Transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization.
- Transactions are reported as necessary (a) to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or any other criteria, such as finance-related legal and contractual compliance requirements applicable to such statements, and (b) to maintain accountability for assets.
- Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's authorization.

• The recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any different.

The definition of accounting control comprehends reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the objectives expressed in it will be accomplished by the system. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal control should not exceed the benefits. The benefits consist of reductions in the risk of failing to achieve the objectives implicit in the definition of accounting control.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe the GNOEC's accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The GNOEC has formally established budgetary accounting controls for its operating funds. Budgetary control is maintained by category within department for each account group.

#### **Account Description**

As required by the Bond Indenture Agreement, the accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds and accounts, each of which is considered a separate accounting activity for recording receipts and disbursements. Those accounts (General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Internal Service) are shown on Schedule 1, Pages 31 - 37 of this report. Those account activities are summarized into the sole enterprise fund, which is used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those found in the private sector.

The costs of providing the services to the general public is recovered, in whole or in part, through user charges. The GNOEC's operations comprise the operation of the Expressway Bridge in which tolls are charged. Results of operations for the year ended October 31, 2005 can be found in the Management Discussion & Analysis, Page 10.

The Commission's operations include electronic equipment at the toll plazas designed to classify vehicles, calculate the toll assessed and record those events. To facilitate the traffic flow, electronic toll devices read toll tags. Customers may acquire toll tags at the Commission operated toll tag stores on both north and south shores of the Expressway.

For the year ended October 31, 2005, a breakdown of the toll revenues is as follows:

Dedicated for Major Repairs & Capital Improvements \$ 5,066,820 Undedicated to be Used for General Operations \$ 8,713,793 \$13,780,613

#### Long-term Debt

The GNOEC had the following principle outstanding long-term debt at October 31, 2005:

Revenue Bonds:

Refunding, Series 2003	\$53,005,000
Improvements, Series 1999-A	11,745,000
-	\$64,750,000

On April 15, 2003, the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission issued \$54,605,000 in Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2003.

The Series 2003 bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the Commission's outstanding Series 1992 bonds, finance a portion of construction costs and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2003 bonds, including the cost of the Series 2003 bond insurance policy and the reserve fund insurance policy.

#### CASH MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Cash receipts are deposited daily into the Commission's bank accounts. These funds are automatically transferred by the Trustee into the appropriate Trust Fund accounts and are invested in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Indenture. All bank and investment accounts are reconciled on a monthly basis.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to general liability, automotive liability, and property insurance contracts. An Internal Service Account (a risk management account) is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the risk management account provides coverage for the general and automotive liability up to the \$200,000 deductible limits for each covered loss. The Commission purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Internal Service Account. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for the fiscal year. Additional information on the Commission's risk management activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Page 25.

#### **HURRICANE KATRINA**

As a result of Katrina, the Commission expended \$305,389.17 for overtime salaries and \$39,926.76 for related expenses. These expenditures have been filed with FEMA and the Commission hopes to receive reimbursement.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The financial records, books of account, and transactions of the GNOEC for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2005 have been audited by T. A. Harris, Inc., Certified Public Accountant, and the opinion is included in the Finance Section of this report.

The financial statements are the responsibility of the GNOEC. The responsibility of the independent auditor is to express an opinion on the GNOEC's financial statements based on the audit. An audit is conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Untied States of America. Those standards require that the audit be planned and performed in a manner to obtain a reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheryl H. Lambert Director of Finance

### T.A. Harris Inc. Certified Public Accountant

#### A Professional Accounting Corporation

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission State of Louisiana Metairie, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission (the Commission), a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended October 31, 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as of October 31, 2005, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in note 1-A to the basic financial statements, the Commission adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as of November 1, 2000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 through 13 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted primarily of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurements and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Commission failed to comply with the terms, covenants, or provisions of the General Bond Resolution dated September 25, 1986, and as supplemented by the Series 1999A and 2003 bond resolutions dated June 16, 1999 and April 15, 2003 respectively, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 24, 2006, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information schedules listed in the table of contents and the "Annual Financial Report" as required by the Louisiana Division of Administration are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Commission. Such information, except those schedules marked "Unaudited", on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not audit the introductory section listed in the table of contents, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

April 24, 2006

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Ja. Harris Inc. APAC

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management's discussion and analysis of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended October 31, 2005. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts. Please read this document in conjunction with the additional information contained in the transmittal letter presented on Pages 3-7 and the Commission's financial statements, which begin on Page 14.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Commission's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2005 by \$67,221,537 compared to \$65,031,237 for fiscal year 2004, an increase of \$2,190,300 (or 3.4%).

The Commission's toll revenue decreased \$1,853,107 (or 11.9%) compared to the prior fiscal year. This was due to suspension of toll collections for 52 days due to Hurricane Katrina.

The Highway Fund #2 (Vehicular License Tax), which is dedicated to debt service, increased by \$315,977 (or 6.6%).

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission's financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Contrary to the governmental fund type model annual financial report presented in prior years, no fund level financial statements are presented because the Commission is engaged in a single enterprise, which is the movement of vehicles over bridges (infrastructure assets). Under the new reporting model, the basic financial statements of the Commission will be less complex and present financial information for the Commission as a whole in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The annual financial report includes the Statement of Net Assets; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; the Statement of Cash Flows; and Notes to the Financial Statements. In addition to the basis financial statements and the accompanying notes, other information in this report presents certain supplementary information concerning separate accounting activity required by bond indentures and/or bond resolutions. The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements present information for the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission as a whole in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The statements of this section include the Statement of Net Assets; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The <u>Statement of Net Assets</u> (Page 14) presents the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is net assets and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses</u>, <u>and Changes in Net Assets</u> (Page 15) presents information showing how the Commission's assets changed as a result of current year operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net assets are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

## GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA Management's Discussion and Analysis

The <u>Cash Flow Statement</u> (Pages 16 - 17) presents information showing how Commission's cash changed as a result of current year operations. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB 34.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

	10/31/2005	10/31/2004
Current and other assets	\$ 43,291,788	\$ 47,532,505
C a p ita l a s s e t s	97,473,210	<u>90,924,870</u>
Totalassets	140,764,998	138,457,375
O ther liabilites	9,819,057	7,741,246
Long-term debt outstanding	63,724,404	65,684,892
T o ta I lia b ilitie s	73,543,461	7 3 ,4 2 6 ,1 3 8
Total net assets	\$ 67,221,537	\$ 65,031,237

10/21/2005

The composite net asset amount of \$67,221,537 as of October 31, 2005 consists of investment in capital assets, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets in the amounts of \$31,931,467, \$17,963,170, and \$17,326,900 respectively. The composite net asset amount of \$65,031,237 as of October 31, 2004 consisted of investment in capital assets, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets in the amounts of \$23,456,884, \$33,313,225, and \$8,261,128, respectively. The Commission's equity interest (capital assets less related outstanding debt) in its capital assets is reported within the investment in capital assets, net of related debt amount.

Restricted net assets represent those assets that are not available for spending as a result of legislative requirements, grant requirements, and bond and other resolutions. Conversely, unrestricted net assets are those that do not have any limitations on what these amounts may be used.

As referred to previously, net assets of the Commission increased by \$2,190,300, or 3.4%, from October 31, 2004 to October 31, 2005. A major cause of this increase is that user fees, et cetera, were greater than the cost of operations. In addition, capital improvements are not charges against current revenues but are capitalized within the property, plant, and equipment account and depreciated over future periods.

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Changes in Net Assets

	10/31/2005	10/31/2004
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 14,276,477 	\$ 16,090,163 
Operating income	(785,046)	1,235,962
Non-operating revenues(expenses)	2,975,346	2,108,424
Increase in net assets	\$ 2,190,300	\$ 3,344,386

Major revenues for GNOEC consist of toll collections and vehicular license tax. These combined revenues represented nearly 91% of total GNOEC revenues. From fiscal year 2004 to 2005, the Commission's total revenues, including operating and non-operating revenues, decreased by \$852,753 or 3.9%. This decrease is due to a decrease in toll revenues due to Hurricane Katrina. Conversely, from fiscal year 2004 to 2005, the total cost of all programs and services, excluding depreciation, decreased by \$847,267 or 11.8%.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2005, the Commission had \$97,473,210 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including the expressway bridge, building, vehicles, furniture, fixtures and equipment.

#### (Net of Depreciation)

	10/31/2005	10/31/2004
Building and improvements	\$ 983,439	\$ 1,013,544
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,086,437	1,834,417
Infrastructure	94,403,334	88,076,909
Total	\$ 97,473,210	\$ 90,924,870

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Total

This year's major additions included:

Bridge improvements \$ 9,974,722 Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 710,427

Long-Term Debt

The Commission had \$65,541,743 in current and noncurrent bonds outstanding at year-end, compared to \$67,467,986 last year, a decrease of 2.9%.

<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>

\$ 10,685,149

Outstanding Debt, at Year-end

Revenue Bonds (net of premium/discount) \$65,541,743 \$67,467,986

The Commission's bond indebtness carries a Standard & Poor's A- rating.

On April 15, 2003, the Commission issued Series 2003 bonds for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the Commission's outstanding Series 1992 bonds, finance a portion of construction costs and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2003 bonds, including the cost of the Series 2003 bond issuance policy and the reserve fund insurance policy.

The Commission has estimated claims of \$652,847 outstanding at year-end compared with \$642,430 last year. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave of \$1,020,025 compared to \$941,797 for the October 31, 2004 fiscal year.

#### **BUDGET**

The annual budget is approved by the Commission at its October meeting. The budget is then approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget of the Louisiana Legislature. An updated projected budget was prepared in September 2005. The major difference between the original budget and the updated projected budget was the amount available for the Bridge Rehabilitation Projects decreased by \$2,695,852 or 45.1%. This decrease was a result of Hurricane Katrina and the suspension of toll collection from August 27, 2005 to October 17, 2005.

### CONTACTING THE GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission's finances.

If you have any questions about this report, contact the Director of Finance, Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission, P. O. Box 7656, Metairie, LA 70010.

#### Statement of Net Assets October 31, 2005

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:	_	
Cash (note 2)	\$	2,325,633
Investments (note 2)		19,040,444
Receivables (note 4)		28,329
Prepaid items		17,728
Inventory		329,575
Total current assets	<del></del>	21,741,709
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Restricted assets:		
Investments (note 2)		18,283,178
Receivables (note 4)		1,735,152
Total restricted assets		20,018,330
Property, plant, and equipment (net)(note 5)		97,473,210
Deferred bond issuance costs, net of amortization of \$138,750		1,531,749
Total noncurrent assets		119,023,289
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	140,764,998
LIABILITIES		
AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR:		
Payables (note 12)	\$	2,567,590
Deferred revenue		685,468
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Capital projects payables (note 12)		699,809
Bonds (note 13)		1,817,339
Accrued interest		1,480,351
Total amounts due within one year		7,250,557
AMOUNTS DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:		
Tag deposits		884,645
Estimated liability for claims (note 7)		652,847
Accrued compensated absences (note 9)		1,020,025
Bonds payable (note 13)		63,724,404
Other		10,983
Total amounts due in more than one year	<del></del>	66,292,904
Total liabilities		73,543,461
NET ASSETS:		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (note 14)		31,931,467
Restricted net assets (note 14)		17,838,170
Restricted for future acquisition (note 14)		125,000
Unrestricted net assets		17,326,900
Total net assets	\$	67,221,537

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

OPER/	ATING RE	VENUES
-------	----------	--------

Tolls	\$ 13,780,613
Leases	389,540
Other miscellaneous revenue	106,324
Total operating revenues	14,276,477
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	5,064,684
Contractual services	44,522
Operating services	2,077,017
Supplies and maintenance	2,950,767
Professional services	260,105
Administrative	268,741
Depreciation	4,136,809
Claims expense	258,878
Total operating expenditures	15,061,523
OPERATING INCOME	(785,046)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)	
Vehicular license tax	5,097,876
Payments to parishes	(350,000)
Federal Revenue (Hurricane Katrina reimbursement)	345,195
Hurricane Katrina expenses	(345,195)
Investment income:	
Interest income	1,026,702
Net increase in fair value of investments	40,908
Interest expense	(2,960,701)
Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount	176,244
Amortization of cost of issuance	(55,683)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	<del></del>
Total non-operating revenues	2,975,346
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	2,190,300
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,190,300
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	65,031,237
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 67,221,537

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers, including cash deposits	\$	14,206,908
Cash received from use of property	•	389,540
Cash received from other deposits		116,383
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(9,910,472)
Cash paid to employees for services		(5,064,684)
Cash paid to outsiders for claims		(258,878)
Net cash used for operating activities		(521,203)
·	_	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Subsidy from federal grant		•
Subsidy from state and local grants		-
Vehicular license tax		4,968,696
Subsidy to local governments		(350,000)
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities		4,618,696
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets		(4,571,684)
Principal payments made on bonds		(1,750,000)
Interest paid and Cost of Issuance		(2,986,951)
Bond proceeds(Net)		(2,000,001)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(9,308,635)
Not cash asca for capital and related infamoling activities		(9,300,033)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of investment securities		(224,947,980)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities		229,273,486
Interest and dividends earned on investment securities		938,768
Net cash provided for investing activities		5,264,274
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		53,132
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	=	2,272,501
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$</u>	2,325,633
(Continued)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

# Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ (785,046)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	4,136,809
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in prepaid items	104,763
Increase in operating receivables	(1,740,834)
Decrease in operating payables	(2,459,487)
Increase in compensated absences	78,228
Increase in claims liabilities	10,417
Increase in unearned revenue and deposits	133,947
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (521,203)

#### Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Decrease in fair value of investments	\$40,908
	<del></del>

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### INTRODUCTION

The Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission was established by articles of incorporation dated October 20, 1954, between the parishes of Jefferson and St. Tammany. Under the authority of Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:1324, the parishes were granted the right and privilege to unite and incorporate a joint Commission for the purpose of constructing, operating, and maintaining a toll bridge or causeway and requisite approaches across Lake Pontchartrain connecting the two parishes known as the Greater New Orleans Expressway. Article 6 Section 22(q)(5) of the 1921 Louisiana Constitution confirmed the power of the parishes to jointly construct the expressway through the issuance of revenue bonds for that purpose and the authority to levy a reasonable toll that is sufficient in amount to provide adequate pay for all costs of operation and maintenance including debt service together with funds dedicated from vehicular license taxes. In addition to operating and maintaining the 23.87 mile long parallel expressway bridges, Act 762 of 1986 of the Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature authorized the Commission to police the Huey P. Long Bridge. The act also requires that, after all bonds principal and interest are fully paid, the expressway bridge becomes the property of the State of Louisiana and thereafter be operated and maintained by the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development as a toll-free project and as part of the state highway system.

The Commission is governed by five members, three of whom are appointed by the governor, including one member from Jefferson Parish and another member from St. Tammany Parish for a term of two years each. The third member appointed by the governor is for a one-year term alternately from Jefferson and St. Tammany parishes. Of the remaining two members, one member is appointed from Jefferson Parish by the Jefferson Parish Council, and one member is appointed from St. Tammany Parish by the St. Tammany Parish Council for two-year terms.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the full accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and financial reporting standards.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The Commission applies all GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

These financial statements include the implementation of GASB Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statement – Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments and related standards. This new standard provides for significant changes in terminology, recognition of contributions in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, inclusion of a management discussion and analysis as supplementary information and other changes.

#### B. REPORTING ENTITY

GASB Codification Section 2100 has defined the governmental reporting entity to be the State of Louisiana. The Commission is considered a component unit of the State of Louisiana because the state exercises oversight responsibility and has accountability for fiscal matters as follows: (1) a majority of the members of the governing board are appointed by the governor; (2) the state has control and exercises authority over budget matters; (3) upon the full payment of revenue bonds principal and interest, the expressway bridge becomes property of the State of Louisiana; (4) the state sets bonded debt limits for construction and improvements; and (5) the Commission primarily serves state residents. The accompanying financial statements present information only as to the transactions of the activities of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission, a component unit of the State of Louisiana. Annually, the State of Louisiana issues basic financial statements, which include the activity contained in the accompanying financial statements.

#### C. FUND ACCOUNTING

All activities of the Commission are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Commission is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Commission are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Assets. Net assets are segregated into invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### E. BUDGET PRACTICES

The Commission prepares its budget in accordance with the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act, R.S. 39:1301-1315. The general manager submits proposed operating budgets to the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission and to the general public for inspection. The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. For the period under audit, the proposed budgets were advertised in the official journal on November 21, 2005. At the Commission meeting on March 7, 2006, the 2006 budget was formally adopted by the Commission. Annually, in July the original budget is amended by management and is ratified by the Commission during October.

#### F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes toll collector's bank and demand deposits. Under state law, the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. Furthermore, the Commission may invest in certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

The Commission may also invest in United States Treasury obligations, United States government agency obligations, and direct security repurchase agreements, or in eligible mutual funds that invest in these securities. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments to vendors for insurance include costs applicable to the next accounting period and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### H. INVENTORY

The Commission maintains an inventory of spare bridge components for emergency use and is valued at the lower of cost or market. The inventory is expensed when used.

#### I. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost, if purchased or constructed. Assets acquired through contributions are capitalized at their estimated fair value, if available, or at estimated fair value or cost to construct at the date of the contribution. Equipment includes all items valued above \$1,000 and infrastructure includes the cost to construct and improve the twin bridges and related roadway approaches.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Automobiles	5
Data processing equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	10
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	40

#### J. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets represent unexpended revenue bond proceeds as well as certain other resources set aside for the purpose of improvements to capital assets and funding debt service payments in accordance with bond resolutions. In addition, restricted assets include resources set aside for risk management and dedicated grant proceeds.

#### K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates, depending on their years of service. Annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for all accumulated annual leave and up to 120 days of unused sick leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, any uncompensated annual leave at the employee's option plus unused sick leave in excess of 120 days is used to compute retirement benefits. Compensated absences are recognized as an expense and liability in the financial statements when incurred.

#### L. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations are reported at face value.

### M. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

The Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Commission recognizes the cost of providing these retiree benefits as an expense when paid during the year.

#### N. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Commission offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The plan is administered by the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission. The plan, available to all full-time employees of the Commission, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred, all property and rights purchased, and all income, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in trust by John Hancock USA for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Participants may contribute up to 20% of their salary with the Commission matching up to \$72 per month, but total contributions may not exceed \$18,000 annually. All contributions are immediately vested. The Commission contributed \$80,136 to the plan during the year ended October 31, 2005.

#### O. NET ASSETS

Net assets comprise the various net earnings from operation, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net assets are classified in the following three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – Consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of external constraints placed on net asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – Consists of all other net assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At October 31, 2005, the Commission had cash (book balances) totaling \$2,325,633. A summary of the Commission's cash is as follows:

Toll Collectors' Bank	\$	800
Demand accounts:		
Noninterest-bearing	71	19,796
Interest-bearing	1,60	5,037
Total	\$2,32	25,633

At October 31, 2005, the Commission had investments totaling \$37,323,622. Investments of government securities reflected in Statement A are stated at fair value as required by GASB Statement 31. The Commission used quoted market values to determine the fair value of the investments. A summary of the Commission's investments consists of the following:

Federal agency securities	\$19,780,017
U.S. Treasury securities	<u>\$17,</u> 543,605
	\$37,323,622

Federal agency securities are securities, usually bonds, issued by a U.S. Government-sponsored agency. The offerings of these agencies are backed by the government, but not guaranteed by the government since the agencies are private entities. Such agencies have

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

been set up in order to allow certain groups of people to access low cost financing, e.g. students and home buyers. The Commission invested in three federal agencies' securities in the 2005 fiscal year — Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage (FHLMC or "Freddie Mac"), and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or "Fannie Mae). U.S. Treasury securities are debt obligations issued and guaranteed full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment - the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Commission manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Commission's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Commission's investments by maturity:

Investment Type	12mths or <	13 to 24mths	25 to 60mths	> 60mths	Total
Federal agency securities	\$19,780,017				\$19,780,017
U.S. Treasury securities	<u>17,543,605</u>				17,543,605
Total	\$37,323,622				\$37,323,622

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a national recognized statistical rating organization. The Commission's above described investments maintained a "AAA" credit rating during the 2005 fiscal year.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the Commission contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the state of Louisiana. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total Commission investments are as follows:

Issuer	Issuer Investment Type	
One Group	U.S. Treasury securities	\$17,543,605
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency security	\$2,592,926
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	Federal agency security	\$6,361,893
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal agency security	\$10,825,198

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The state of Louisiana and the Commission's investment policies do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: Under state law, the bank balances of these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal security must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank.

At October 31, 2005, all Commission deposits (collected bank balances) of \$2,288,993 were fully insured or collateralized as follows:

Insured through FDIC	\$100,000
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging Institution's	
trust department or agent in the commission's name	2,188,993
Total secured bank balances	\$2,288,993

#### 3. FEDERAL REVENUES

As a result of Hurricane Katrina, the Commission expended \$345,195 in overtime salaries and related expenses. These expenditures have been filed with FEMA and the Commission expects to receive reimbursement. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements as Federal revenue and Hurricane Katrina expenses.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES

At October 31, 2005, the Commission has receivable balances totaling \$1,763,481 as follows:

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Vehicular license tax		\$1,309,190	\$1,309,190
Interest	\$28,329	80,646	108,975
Other	0	345,316	345,316
Total receivables	\$28,329	\$1,735,152	\$1,763,481

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 5. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance November 1,			Balance October 31,
	2004	Additions	Deletions	2005
Business Type Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building	\$1,204,210			\$1,204,210
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,407,934	\$710,427		5,118,361
Infrastructure	185,374,533	9,974,722		195,349,255
Total capital assets, being depreciated	190,986,677	10,685,149	0	201,671,826
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	190,666	30,105		220,771
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,573,517	458,407		3,031,924
Infrastructure	97,297,624	3,648,297		100,945,921
Total accumulated depreciation	100,061,807	4,136,809	0	104,198,616
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$90,924,870	\$6,548,340	\$0	\$97,473,210

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all employees of the Commission are members of the Louisiana Parochial Employees Retirement System (System), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The System is a statewide public employee retirement system for the benefit of parochial employees, which is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

All Commission employees working 28 hours per week are eligible to participate in the System. Benefits vest with 7 years of service. At retirement age, employees are entitled to annual benefits equal to 3% of their highest consecutive 36 months' average salary multiplied by their years of credited service. Vested employees are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life at (a) any age with 30 years of service, (b) age 55 with 25 years of service, or (c) age 60 with 10 years of service. In addition, yested employees have the option of reduced benefits at any age with 20 years of service. Beginning January 1, 2002 active members may be eligible to retire at age 65 with seven years of service credit. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute. The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Parochial Employees Retirement System, Post Office Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (225) 928-1361. Members are required by state statute to contribute 9.50% of gross salary, and the Commission is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate as required by R.S. 11:62. The employer contribution rate was 11.75% of annual covered payroll in fiscal years ended October 31, 2004, and 2003, respectively. In January 2005, the rate was changed to 12.75%. The Commission contributions to the System for the years ending October 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$490,085, \$388,256, and \$258,722, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, automotive liability, and property insurance contracts and has a self-insured risk management program to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Commission provides coverage for general and automotive liability up to the \$200,000 deductible limits for each covered loss. The Commission purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the risk management program. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for the fiscal year.

The Commission is a defendant or co-defendant in 15 lawsuits in which the plaintiffs allege wrongful death, property damage, personal injury, age discrimination, violation of the whistle-blower statue, violation of civil rights, and employment retaliation. In the opinion of the Commission's legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of nine matters should not materially affect the financial statements. Two lawsuits (one automobile accident and one employment retaliation matter) are in the discovery phase and the likely outcome is not determined. In the assessment of the last four matters, one automobile accident will probably result in some amount of loss and there is a reasonable possibility that a loss exposure could result in the remaining three lawsuits. Accounting recognition for the potential loss exposure is provided for in the following paragraph.

At October 31, 2005, the claims liability of \$652,847 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement Number 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information before the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the claims liability in fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

Estimated liability for claims at beginning of year	\$642,430
Current year:	
Claims	\$248,462
Changes in estimates	10,417
Claims payment and expenses thereon	(248,462)
Estimated liability for claims at end of year	\$652,847

### 8. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

Substantially all Commission employees become eligible for post employment health care, dental, and life insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Commission. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the Commission. For 2005, the cost of providing those benefits for the 24 retirees totaled \$97,013.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

As of October 31, 2005, employees of the Commission have accumulated and vested \$1,020,025 of employee annual and sick leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

#### 10. LEASE AND RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Effective May 31, 1996, the Commission entered into a fifty-year property lease from the City of Mandeville at a cost of \$25 per year.

#### 11. LESSOR OPERATING LEASES

The Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission leases limited portions of the expressway bridge necessary to accommodate telecommunication equipment and cables. Future minimum rental payments to be received under these operating leases are as follows:

Fiscal year ending October 31:	
2006	\$361,877
2007	251,908
2008	170,802
2009	128,168
2010-2014	103,130
Total	<u>\$1,015,885</u>

#### 12. PAYABLES

The following is a summary of payables at October 31, 2005:

Accounts payable	\$2,847,148
Payroll deductions and employer's payable	70,251
Payable to parishes - statutory	350,000
Total	<u>\$3,267,399</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 13. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended October 31, 2005:

	Debt Payable at Novembe <u>r 1,</u> 2004	Additions	Deductions and Retirement	Debt Payable at October 31, 2005	Due within one year
Revenue bonds: Improvements, Series 1999A Refunding, Series 2003 Total revenue bonds payable	\$ 12,445,000 54,055,000 66,500,000	\$ -	\$ 700,000 1,050,000 1,750,000	\$ 11,745,000 53,005,000 64,750,000	\$ 750,000 1,010,000 1,760,000
Bond Premium (Discount)	967,986 67,467,986	0	176,243 1,926,243	791,743 65,541,743	57,339 1,817,339
Compensated absences	941,797	78,228		1,020,025	0
Total	\$68,409,783	\$78,228	\$1,926,243	\$66,561,768	<b>\$1,817,339</b>

The additions and reductions to compensated absences during the 2004-2005 fiscal year represent the net change during the year because the additions and deductions could not be readily determined.

#### A. REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 1999A

On July 27, 1999, the Commission issued \$15,000,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A. The proceeds of this issue will be used to finance the cost of certain improvements to the expressway bridge. The Revenue Bonds payable at the beginning of the year were \$12,445,000. Principal due November 1, 2004, that was accrued and paid to the paying agent after the aforementioned date, amounted to \$700,000 and reduced the outstanding bonds payable to \$11,745,000 at October 31, 2005. The Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A, are secured by user fees, expressway bridge tolls, and other revenues. These bonds require future annual debt service installments of \$700,000 to \$1,265,000 beginning November 1, 2006, through November 1, 2016. The bonds carry interest rates from 4.25% to 5.25% and interest to maturity amounts to \$4,905,479 through November 1, 2016.

#### B. REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2003

On April 15, 2003, the Commission issued \$54,605,000 in Refund Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. All of the Commission's outstanding Series 1992 Bonds finance a portion of Construction Costs and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2003 bonds, including the cost of the Series 2003 bonding insurance policy and the reserve fund policy.

Principal due November 1, 2004, that was accrued and paid to the paying agent after the aforementioned date, amounted to \$1,050,000 and reduced the outstanding bonds payable to \$53,005,000 at October 31, 2005. The Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, are secured by user fees, expressway bridge tolls, and other revenues. These bonds require future annual debt service installments of \$1,050,000 to \$3,210,000 beginning November 1, 2006, through November 1, 2033. The bonds carry interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00% and interest to maturity amounts to \$45,586,118 through November 1,

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

2033. The annual requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at October 31, 2005, including total interest to maturity of \$45,586, 118 are as follows:

	Refunding Series 1999A Refunding		Refunding S	Series 2003	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	750,000	593.263	1,010,000	2,367,439	4,720,702
2007	775,000	558,763	1,060,000	2,347,239	4,741,002
2008	825,000	522,338	1,080,000	2,326,039	4,753,377
2009	850,000	483,150	1,105,000	2,301,739	4,739,889
2010	900,000	442,350	1,130,000	2,276,876	4,749,226
2011-2015	5,180,000	1,485,026	6,215,000	10,818,584	23,698,610
2016-2020	2,465,000	195,826	7,640,000	9,393,689	19,694,515
2021-2025			9,640,000	7,391,913	17,031,913
2026-2030			12,165,000	4,831,350	16,996,350
2031-2033			11,960,000	1,531,250	13,491,250
Total	\$11,745,000	\$4,280,716	\$53,005,000	\$45,586,118	\$114,616,834

#### C. PRIOR YEAR DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

The Commission defeased 1992 revenue bonds in a prior fiscal year by placing a portion of the proceeds of the 2003 series bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the new debt were used to purchase US Government securities. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Commission's financial statements. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. At October 31, 2005 \$46.245 million of the 1992 bonds are considered defeased.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 14. NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. The composition of net assets was as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt:

Net property, plant and equipment (net of depreciation) Less:		97,473,210
Current portion of bonds payable		(1,817,339)
Noncurrent portion of revenue bonds payable		(63,724,404)
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	<u>\$</u>	31,931,467
Restricted for Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects		
and Risk Management:		
Restricted investments		\$18,283,178
Restricted receivables		1,735,152
Liabilities from restricted assets:		
Capital projects		(699,809)
Acaued interest		(1,480,351)
Restricted for Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects		
and Risk Management:	_	\$17,838,170
Restricted for Future Acquisition of Equipment	_	\$125,000

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES

The following schedules present additional information relating to the financial statements. In addition, cash receipts and disbursements schedules by trust and other accounts are required by the General Bond Resolution dated September 26, 1986, and by the Series 1992, 1999A, 2003 bond resolutions dated December 4, 1992, June 16, 1999, and April 15, 2003, respectively.

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES As of and for the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### **GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS**

#### **Revenue Account**

All revenues collected by the Commission are deposited to this account. Transfers are then made as required by the bond resolution.

#### **Collateral Undisbursed Debt Service Account**

Funds are transferred to this account whenever the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Account is not at least equal to the accrued aggregate debt service through the end of the next succeeding month. When funds are deposited to the debt service account bringing the balance equal to accrual aggregate debt service through the end of the next succeeding month, then the funds in the Collateral Undisbursed Debt Service Account are returned to the accounts from which they were transferred.

#### Operation and Maintenance Account

Monies transferred to the Operation and Maintenance Account are used to finance operations (general and administrative).

#### **Extraordinary Maintenance and Repair Reserve Account**

The monies in the Extraordinary Maintenance and Repair Reserve Account may be used for major resurfacing, replacement, or reconstruction and extraordinary repairs, renewals, or replacement of the expressway.

#### **Excess Revenue Account**

This account maintains any surplus remaining at the end of a fiscal year pending distribution pursuant to Act 762 of the 1986 Louisiana Legislature.

#### **Huey P. Long Bridge Account**

As provided by Act 762 of the 1986 Louisiana Legislature, the Commission shall use as much of its surplus as may be necessary for its officers to police the Huey P. Long Bridge.

#### **Asset Forfeiture Account**

This account maintains assets seized by the expressway police.

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES (Continued)

#### SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNTS

#### **Vehicular License Tax**

All monies received from the State of Louisiana Highway Fund Number 2 are deposited to the Vehicular License Tax Account. The monies received are dedicated and transferred to the Debt Service Account.

#### **Emergency Evacuation Project**

Monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency are being used to study evacuation routes.

#### **DEBT SERVICE ACCOUNTS**

#### **Debt Service Account**

Monies are deposited to this account from the Vehicular License Tax Special Revenue Account to pay yearly debt service. Future sinking fund installments will also be deposited to this account.

#### **Debt Service Reserve Account**

This account maintains a balance equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account requirement (maximum annual debt service requirements for the current or any future year). Monies from this account can be used to supplement any shortfall in the Debt Service Account.

#### **Cost of Issuance Account**

A portion of the initial bond proceeds of the 1999A and 2003 Series bond issue was deposited to this account for payment of legal fees and other cost associated with the issuance of the bonds.

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES (Continued)

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS ACCOUNTS

#### **Construction - Series 1986**

The Construction Series 1986 Account is used for major maintenance and capital improvements to the expressway bridge from the proceeds of the 1986 capital improvement bond issue.

#### Construction - Series 1999A

The Construction Series 1999A Account is used for major maintenance and capital improvements to the expressway bridge from the proceeds of the 1999A capital improvement bond issue.

#### Construction - Series 2003

The Construction Series 2003 Account is used for major maintenance and capital improvements to the expressway bridge from the proceeds of the 2003 capital improvement bond issue.

#### **Bridge Rehabilitation**

A special fifty cents toll assessment was authorized to fund improvements to the expressway bridge. This account is used for capital improvements financed by the fifty cents toll.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE ACCOUNT

Resources are accumulated in this account to finance risk management deductible losses arising from claims and litigation.

### Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

	REVENUE	COLLATERAL UNDISBURSED DEBT SERVICE	OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	GENERAL EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR RESERVE	
BALANCES AT NOVEMBER 1, 2004	\$ 235,443	<u> </u>	\$ 1,088,807	\$ 104,638	
RECEIPTS Tolls Vehicular license tax Intergovernmental grants:	14,206,908				
Federal State Use of money and property:					
Leases	389,540	0.070	00.407	50.444	
Investment income Cost Issuance Refund	11,172	8,670	23,137	53,414	
Other	83,064		20.460		
Investment sales and maturities	12,295,305	2,773,959	30,469	25,509,467	
Transfers in	355,286	393,392	8,090,159	9,606,745	
Total receipts	27,341,275	3,176,021	8,143,765	35,169,626	
DISBURSEMENTS					
Personal services			4,273,480		
Contractual services			43,098		
Operating services			1,974,544		
Supplies and maintenance			631,107	648	
Professional services			251,067	6,480,454	
Administrative	142,962		121,293		
Capital outlay			529,388	73,884	
Debt services: Principal retirement Interest					
Cost of Issuance					
Intergovernmental expenditures - parishes	350,000				
Insurance settlements	,		258,878		
Investment purchases	12,295,305	1,982,192	·	28,533,694	
Transfers out	14,420,085	1,193,829	10,625	185,584	
Total disbursements	27,208,352	3,176,021	8,093,480	35,274,264	
BALANCES AT OCTOBER 31, 2005	\$ 368,366	\$ -	\$ 1,139,092	\$ -	

### Schedule 1

ACCOUNTS					SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNTS						
EXCESS REVENUE		L	UEY P. .ONG RIDGE		SSETS FEITURE		EHICULAR LICENSE TAX	MOTO ASS PROG	IST	EVA	RGENCY CUATION COJECT
_\$_	700,000	\$	98,752	\$	30,406	_\$		\$		\$	14,455
							4,968,696				
	26,765		13,896				59,431		32		
					2,850						
	6,508,135	1	,019,798				4,720,701				
	8,637,626		000.004		2.050		0.740.000				
	15,172,526		,033,694	<del></del>	2,850		9,748,828		32		
			791,204								
			1,425								
			42,589								
			17,866								
			4,487								
			151,156								
	7,519,934		13,835				5,028,127				
_	7,652,592		24,965				4,720,701		32		14,455
	15,172,526	1	,047,527		-		9,748,828		32		14,455
\$	700,000	\$	84,919	\$	33,256	. \$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	

# Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

	DEBT SERVICE ACCOUNTS				
	DEBT SERVICE	DEBT SERVICE RESERVE	COST OF ISSUANCE	ESCROW 2003	
BALANCES AT NOVEMBER 1, 2004	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ -	
RECEIPTS					
Tolls					
Vehicular license tax					
Intergovernmental grants;					
Federal					
State					
Use of money and property:					
Leases					
Investment income	19,272	22,520	289		
Cost Issuance Refund					
Other					
Investment sales and maturities	11,307,036	7,133,776	13,876		
Transfers in	5,400,076	393,392		,	
Total receipts	16,726,384	7,549,688	14,165	-	
DISBURSEMENTS					
Personal service					
Contractual services					
Operating services					
Supplies and maintenance					
Professional services					
Administrative					
Capital outlay					
Debt services:					
Principal retirement	1,750,000				
Interest	2,986,951				
Cost of Issuance					
Intergovernmental expenditures - parishes					
Insurance settlements	44.000.000	7 070 5 15			
Investment purchases	11,969,606	7,276,048	289		
Transfers out Total disbursements	19,827	273,640	13,876		
rotal dispulsements	16,726,384	7,549,688	14,165	-	
BALANCES AT OCTOBER 31, 2005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	

#### Schedule 1

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS ACCOUNTS**

CONSTRUCTION SERIES 1986 1992 1999A							MAGNETIC LEVITATION	INTERNAL		
	1986		1992	1999A	2003	REHABILITATION	PROJECT	SERVICE	TOTAL	
\$	~	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -		\$ 2,272,501	
									14,206,908 <b>4</b> ,968,696	
	858		35	8,929	198,403	461,506		30,439	389,540 938,768	
	116,727		1,697	506,050	51,989,361	97,379,225 3,956,715		7,998,373	116,383 229,273,486 36,833,391	
	117,585		1,732	514,979	52,187,764	101,797,446		8,028,812	286,727,172	
	94,622			104,310		3,817,256			5,064,684 44,523 2,017,133 649,621 6,731,521 467,674 4,571,684 1,750,000 2,986,951	
***	858 22,105 117,585		35 1,697 1,732	8,929 401,740 514,979	52,187,764 - - 52,187,764	90,102,552 7,877,638 101,797,446		8,028,812	350,000 258,878 224,947,980 36,833,391 286,674,040	
\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,325,633	

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### **COMPENSATION PAID COMMISSIONERS**

The schedule of compensation paid Commission members was prepared in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature.

Members of the Commission are entitled to compensation of \$570 per month as authorized by an amendment to the Articles of Incorporation dated August 7, 1986, and are included in the general administrative expenditures of the General Fund.

#### Schedule 2

## GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA

# Schedule of Compensation Paid Commissioners For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

Lance Albin John L. Donahue, Jr. Kyle M. France Patricia LeBlanc Frank L. Levy Joseph W. Salter Ben Slater, III Joy H. Zainey	\$ 6,836 1,139 5,697 6,836 1,528 6,836 4,997 311
Total	\$ 34,180

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### STATISTICAL INFORMATION

The General Bond Resolution dated September 25, 1986, requires the following additional schedules:

Schedule of Investments

Schedule of Revenue from Tolls

Schedule of Traffic – Number of Crossings (Unaudited)

Schedule of Insurance (Unaudited)

#### Schedule of Investments As of October 31, 2005

	FAIR VALUE		CARRYING VALUE		PAR VALUE	
GENERAL:						
Extraordinary Maintenance and Repair Reserve Account:						
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note:						
Due January 10, 2006	\$	2,012,202	\$	2,012,202	\$	2,028,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note:						
Due February 28, 2006		3,511,914		3,511,914		3,559,000
Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Note:						
Due November 2, 2005		2,232,531		2,232,531		2,233,000
Due December 7, 2005		2,012,835		2,012,835		2,021,000
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities						
Money Market Fund Class I		7,097,655		7,097,655		7,097,655
Collateral Undisbursed Debt Service Account:						
United States Treasury Securities - Money Market Fund Class I		402,062		402,062		402,062
Excess Revenue Account - Money Market - One Group						
United States Treasury Securities - Money Market Fund Class I		1,771,246		1,771,246		1,771,246
Huey P. Long Bridge Account - Money Market - One Group						
United States Treasury Securities - Money Market Fund Class I		123,022		123,022		123,022
DEBT SERVICE;						
Debt Service Fund Account:						
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities						
Money Market Fund Class I		1,970,041		1,970,041		1,970,041
Federal Home Loan Mortage Corporation Discount Note						
Due November 1, 2005		892,000		892,000		892,000
Debt Service Reserve Account:						
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities						
Money Market Fund Class I		783		783		783
Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Note:						
Due November 2, 2005		1,366,850		1,366,850		1,367,000
Ambac Assurance Corporation Surety Bond Policy No. SB1602BE						1
2003 Account:						
Cost of Issuance Fund:						
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities						
Money Market Fund Class I		-		-		•
CAPITAL PROJECTS:						
2003 Account:						
Revenue Bonds:						
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note:						
Due January 9, 2006 Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Note:		1,604,630		1,604,630		1,617,000
Due November 9, 2005		3,025,335		3,025,335		3,028,000
Due December 7, 2005		2,012,936		2,012,936		2,021,000
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities						. ,
Money Market Fund Class I		1,624,505		1,624,505		1,624,505

#### Schedule of Investments As of October 31, 2005

	FAIR VALUE	CARRYING VALUE	PAR
SPECIAL REVENUE:	VALUE	VALUE	VALUE
Vehicular License Tax Fund:			
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities			
Money Market Fund Class I	4,552,415	4,552,415	4,552,415
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND:			
Self insurance Account:			
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note:			
Due January 10, 2006	580,724	580,724	585,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note:			
Due December 13, 2005	353,349	353,349	355,000
Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Note:	·		,
Due November 16, 2005	174,711	174,711	175,000
Money Market - One Group - United States Treasury Securities	,		
Money Market Fund Class I	1,876	1,876	1,876
Total	<u>\$</u> 37,323,622	\$ 37,323,622	<u>\$ 37,424,606</u>

### Schedule of Revenue From Tolls For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

	NORTH SHORE
2004:	
November	\$ 1,283,176
December	1,349,805
2005:	
January	1,255,786
February	1,164,400
March	1,386,731
April	1,339, <b>7</b> 96
May	1,370,303
June	1,348,441
July	1,187,752
August	1,16 <b>7</b> ,571
September	-
October	739,269
Subtotal	\$ 13,593,030
Discounted toll tag forfeitures	187,583
Total	<u>\$ 13,780,613</u>

#### NOTE:

On May 5, 1999, the commission began collecting tolls on the North Shore only.

Hurricane Katrina - Tolls suspended from August 27, 2005 - October 17, 2005.

#### **UNAUDITED**

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA

### Schedule of North Shore Traffic - Number of Crossings For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

	AXLES UNDER 7'5" HEIGHT				AXLES OVER 7'5" HEIGHT			
	2	3	4	5 OR MORE	2	3	4	5 OR MORE
2004:								
November	214,052	1,243	453	27	3,296	516	568	654
December	231,494	1,024	405	14	3,538	531	559	628
2005:								
January	203,104	972	399	12	3,218	486	604	670
February	191,532	788	319	9	3,217	465	542	605
March	224,294	1,157	533	14	3,751	650	754	822
April	219,013	1,257	585	20	3,651	586	704	776
May	227,188	1,354	625	27	3,850	635	732	786
June	223,852	1,357	555	17	3,936	599	676	723
July	202,062	1,246	547	9	3,327	451	651	633
August	189,142	1,116	466	9	3,404	462	610	599
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October	142,007	1,407	871	13	3,720	723	915	889
Total	2,267,740	12,921	5,758	171	38,908	6,104	7,315	7,785

## Schedule 5

NON-REVENUE VEHICLES	AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NON-REVENUE (BRIDGE VEHICLES)	AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION DISCOUNT TOLL VEHICLES	AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION RECREATIONAL VEHICLES	AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION FULL TOLL VEHICLES	TOTAL VEHICLES
6,024	2,916	236,350	90	23,157	489,346
7,472	2,950	240,681	90	25,338	514,724
6,096	3,004	241,873	80	22,830	483,348
6,954	2,959	219,656	67	21,434	448,547
6,861	3,179	261,468	86	25,631	529,200
6,581	3,011	248,269	73	24,534	509,060
6,486	3,050	247,154	58	25,348	517,293
6,735	2,955	243,640	57	24,777	509,879
44,406	2,739	208,521	42	21,525	486,159
15,480	2,627	218,021	41	21,492	453,469
265,436	3	2	0	0	265,441
361,249	1,370	86,288		9,890	609,367
739,780	30,763	2,451,923	709	245,956	5,815,833

### Schedule of Insurance For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

COVERAGE	UNDERWRITER	NUMBER	POLICY PERIOD	LIMITS
BRIDGE PROPERTY DAMAGE Including: Bridge structure Spare structural components Electronic data processing equipment Variable message signs Hazard incident lights Call boxes and control consoles EDP (Related to VMS/HIL/CB) EDP media Business income EDP extra expense Building and contents Scheduled property and equipment Various Deductibles	St. Paul Insurance Co.	IM04200195	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 90,000,000
BRIDGE USE AND OCCUPANCY 7 Day Deductible	St. Paul Insurance Co.	IM04200195	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$18,800,000
EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY BOND with \$5,000 deductible	Travelers	103383074	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 300,000 Blanket Limit \$200,000 Forgery and Alterations \$ 50,000 Money In/Out
RETAINED LIMITS LIABILITY	American Alternative Ins. Co.	01A2FR000000801	11/1/02-11/1/03	
Comprehensive general liability retention applicable to each loss is \$200,000	American Alternative Ins. Co.	01A2FR000000801	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 9,850,000 Per Occurrence and Aggregate
Law enforcement liability retention applicable to each loss is \$200,000	American Alternative Ins. Co.	0IA2FR000000801	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 9,850,000 Per Occurrence and Aggregate
Excess automobile liability retention applicable to each loss is \$200,000	American Alternative Ins. Co.	0IA2FR000000801	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 9,800,000 Each Accident and Aggregate
Public officials liability retention applicable to each loss is \$200,000	American Alternative Ins. Co.	0IA2FR000000801	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 9,990,000 Per Occurrence and Aggregate

#### UNAUDITED

#### Schedule 6

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA

### Schedule of Insurance, 2005

COVERAGE	UNDERWRITER	NUMBER	POLICY PERIOD	LIMITS
STAND ALONE EXCESS LIABILITY	Lexington	53543236	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 10,000,000
WORKER'S COMPENSATION Employers' liability	LWCC	83403-D	11/1/02-11/1/03	Statutory \$ 1,000,000 Each Accident Disease Limit Disease Each Person
EXPRESS MARITIME EMPLOYERS LIABILITY \$5,000 deductible per claim	XL Specialty Ins. Co.	PXMC849751	3/2/02-3/2/03	\$ 1,000,000 Any Person Any 1 Accident
AUTOMOBILE POLICY (MAP) Comprehensive - \$500 deductible applicable to each accident Collision - \$1,000 deductible applicable to each accident	Clarendon National Insurance	DSA006789	11/1/02-11/1/03	\$ 1,000,000 Each Accident Excluded Uninsured Motorist
<b>BOILER AND MACHINERY</b> \$5,000 deductible per claim	Hartford Steam Boiler	FBP2241054-03	06/14/02-06/14/03	\$ 20,000,000
POLICE OFFICERS FAITHFUL PERFORMANCE BOND	C.N.A. Surety	609006850	5/12/2000 Until Cancelled	\$ 10,000 Per Officer
POLLUTION LEGAL LIABILITY \$100,000 deductible applicable to each incident	American International Spec.	PLS6191242	12/18/00-12/18/05	\$ 5,000,000 Each incident and Aggregate
CONTRACTORS POLLUTION  LIABILITY  \$100,000 deductible applicable to each claim	American International Spec.	CPL6191241	12/18/00-12/18/05	\$ 5,000,000 Each Claim and Aggregate

#### OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY

#### **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The following pages contain a report on compliance with laws and regulations and on internal control required by *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This report is based solely on the audit of the financial statements and includes, where appropriate, any reportable conditions and/or material weaknesses in internal control or compliance matters that would be material to the presented financial statements.

## T.A. Harris Inc. Certified Public Accountant

## A Professional Accounting Corporation

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission State of Louisiana Metairie, Louisiana

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended October 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated April 24, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commission, the Commission's management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, such as the State of Louisiana and Legislative Auditor's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Ja. Harry Anc. APAC April 24, 2006

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

#### **GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION**

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2005

FINDING STATUS

N/A

# Division of Administration Reporting Package

#### **Annual Financial Statements** October 31, 2005

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Α В С D

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MD&A	
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Statement of A	Activities
Statement of C	Cash Flows
	inancial Statements
A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N.O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Budgetary Accounting Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments Capital Assets – Including Capital Lease Assets Inventories Restricted Assets Leave Retirement System Post Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits Leases Long-Term Liabilities Litigation Related Party Transactions Accounting Changes In-Kind Contributions Defeased Issues Cooperative Endeavors Government-Mandated Nonexchange Transactions (Grants) Violations of Finance-Related Legal or Contractual Provisions Short-Term Debt Disaggregation of Receivable Balances Disaggregation of Payable Balances Subsequent Events Segment Information
Y.	Due to/Due from and Transfers
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Schedule of Comparison Figures and Instructions

# Appendices A B

- Instruction for the Simplified Statement of Activities
  Information for Note C "Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments"

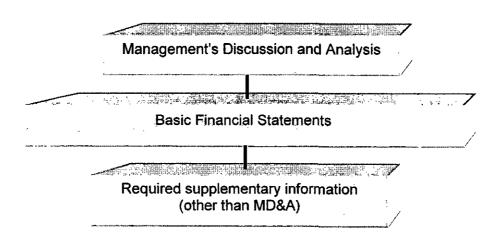
The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the presents a narrative overview and analysis of for the year ended October 31 2005. This documer changes, and currently known facts in comparison document in conjunction with the additional informat pages 3 - 7 and theGNOEC_'s (BTA) financial	nt focuses on t with the prior y ion contained	's (BTA) financial activiti he current year's activities, resulti year's information. Please read the in the transmittal letter presented	es ng nis

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ★ The \_\_GNOEC\_\_\_\_\_'s (BTA) assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2005 by \_\_\_\$67,221,537\_\_ which represents a 3.4% increase from last fiscal year. The net assets increased by \$2,190,300 (or 3.4%).
- ★ The \_\_\_\_GNOEC\_\_\_\_'s (BTA) revenue decreased \$1,853,107 (or 11.9%), this was due to the suspension of toll collections for 52 days due to Hurricane Katrina.
- ★ The Highway Fund #2 (Vehiculaf License Tax), which is dedicated to debt service, increased by \$315,977 (or 6.6%)

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for Special Purpose Governments Engaged in Business-Type Activities established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments.



These financial statements consist of three sections - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and required supplementary information.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements present information for the \_\_\_GNOEC\_\_\_ (BTA) as a whole, in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The statements in this

section include the Balance Sheet; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The <u>Balance Sheet</u> (Stmt A) presents the current and long term portions of assets and liabilities separately. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is net assets and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the \_\_\_\_\_GNOEC\_\_\_\_\_ (BTA) is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses</u>, <u>and Changes in Fund Net Assets</u> (Stmt B) presents information showing how <u>GNOEC</u>'s (BTA) assets changed as a result of current year operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net assets are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

The <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> (Stmt D) presents information showing how <u>\_\_GNOEC\_\_</u>'s (BTA) cash changed as a result of current year operations. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income(loss) to net cash provided(used) by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB 34.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

Sta	tement of	Net /	Assets
as	of Octobe	er 31,	2005
	(in thous	sands	5)

	Total			······································
,		2005	_	2004
Current and other assets	\$	43,291,788	\$	47,532,505
Capital assets		97,473,210	_	90,924,870
Total assets	<del></del>	140,764,998	****	138,457,375
Other liabilities	-	9,819,057	_	7,741,246
Long-term debt outstanding		63,724,404		65,684,892
Total liabilities		73,543,461		73,426,138
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	*	31,931,467		23,456,884
Restricted		17,963,170		33,313,225
Unrestricted		17,326,900		8,261,128
Total net assets	\$	67,221,537	\$	65,031,237

Restricted net assets represent those assets that are not available for spending as a result of legislative requirements, donor agreements, or grant requirements. Conversely, unrestricted net assets are those that do not have any limitations on how these amounts may be spent.

Net assets of \_\_GNOEC\_\_\_'s (BTA) increased by \$ 2,190,300, or 3.4%, from October 31, 2004 to October 31, 2005. One of the major causes of this increase is that user fees, etc were greater than the cost of operations. In addition capital improvements are not charges against current revenues but

are capitalized within property, plant, and equipment account and depreciated over future

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets for the years ended October 31,2005

;	90.545 5.40	i gair in the				Total	need to be a second of the sec
				٠,	2005	<del></del>	2004
Operating rev		ું જેઇ (. કંપ ્રેજિક (. કંપ			\$ 14,276,477 15,061,523	\$ —	16,090,163 14,854,201
Oı	erating inco	me(loss)	<i>1</i> \$5.		(785,046)		1,235,962
Non-operating	revenues(e	xpenses)			2,975,346		2,108,424
inc	come(loss) b	efore trans	sfers	Ŝw.	2,190,300		3,344,386
Transfers in Transfers out	, 3	æ	•	V	43000 and the party of the second of the sec	<i>,</i>	
Ne	et increase(d	ecrease) i	n net ass	ets	\$2,190,300	\$_	3,344,386
	Ç	×		est e			

periods.future periods

The \_\_\_GNOEC\_\_'s (BTA) total revenues decreased by \$852,753 or 3.9%. The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$847,267 or less than 11.8%.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Another way to assess the financial health of BTA is to look at the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows assists readers of this statement to assess:

- The ability to generate future cash flows
- The ability to meet obligations as they come due
- · A need for external financing

Statement of	Cash Flows	
· ·	2005	2004
Cash and cash equivalents provided used by:		
Operating activities	\$(521,203)	\$3,806,064
Capital Financial Activities	(9,308,635)	(14,367,176)
Non-capital financing activities	4,618,696	5,375,199
Investing activities	5,264,274	5,308,079
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	53,132	122,166
Beginning of year	2,272,501	2,150,335
End of year	\$2,325,633	\$2.272.501

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Ca	pita	l As:	sets

At the end of 2005, thecapital assets, including ex		_ (BTA) had \$97,473,210 investe je, building, vehicles, furniture, fixt	
Table below) This amount represents a rover last year.	net increase (ir	ncluding additions and deductions	) of \$6,548,340, or 7.2%,

## Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation )

	200	5	2004
Land	\$	\$	
Buildings and improvements	98	33,439	1,013,544
Equipment	2,08	36,437	1,834,417
Infrastructure	94,40	03,334	88,076,909
	Totals \$ \$ 97,47	73,210 \$ <u>\$</u>	90,924,870

This year's major additions included :

•	Bridge Improvements	9.974,722
•	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	710,427

#### Debt

The \_\_\_GNOEC\_\_ (BTA) had \$65,541,743 in bonds and notes outstanding at year-end, compared to \$67,467,986 last year, a decrease of 2.9 % as shown in the table below.

## Outstanding Debt at Year-end (in thousands)

		2005		2004
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds and Notes	\$	65,541,743	\$	67,467,986
	Totals \$	65,541,743	\$_	67,467,986

New debt resulted from	

The obligation	GNOEC_ ation bonds, and _	(BTA)'s bond rating continues to Standard & Poors Arating for	o carry the or other debt.	rating for general
outst	GNOEC_ anding at year-end ued vacation pay ar	(BTA) has claims and judgment compared with \$642,430 nd sick leave.	s of \$652,84 last year. Oth	7 ner obligations include
VAR	IATIONS BETWE	EEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL B	BUDGETS	
		mately \$2.8 million under budget to Hurricane Katrina.	and expenditures	were more
ECO	NOMIC FACTOR	S AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDG	ETS AND RATE	ES
		(BTA) elected and appointed off next year's budget, rates, and fee		
The	GNOEC	(BTA) expects that next year's	s results will impro	ove based on the following :
CON	ITACTING THE _	GNOEC'S (BTA) MANAGE	MENT	
credi GI	tors with a general NOEC's(BT	esigned to provide our citizens, to overview of theGNOEC A) accountability for the money it I financial information, contac:	's (BTA) fir	nances and to show the
GNO PO E	ctor of Finance DEC Box 7656 hirie, LA 70010			

## STATE OF LOUISIANA GNOEC (BTA) BALANCE SHEET AS OF October 31, 2005

ASSETS
CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash and cash equivalents (Note C1)	\$	2,325,633
Investments (Note C2)	· -	19,040,444
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)(Note U)		28,329
Due from other funds (Note Y)		
Due from federal government		
Inventories		329,575
Prepayments		17,728
Notes receivable		
Other current assets Total current assets		21,741,709
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	<del></del>	
Restricted assets (Note F):		
Cash		
Investments		18,283,178
Receivables	-	1,735,152
Notes receivable		
Investments		97,473,210
Capital assets (net of depreciation)(Note D)  Land		51,413,210
Buildings and improvements		
Machinery and equipment		
Infrastructure		
Construction in progress		
Other noncurrent assets		1,531,749
Total noncurrent assets		119,023,289
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	140.764.998
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	•	
Accounts payable and accruals (Note V)	\$	<u>2,567,590</u>
Due to other funds (Note Y)		
Due to federal government Deferred revenues		685,468
Amounts held in custody for others		
Other current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term liabilities:		
Contracts payable		
Reimbursement contracts payable		
Compensated absences payable (Note K)		
Capital lease obligations - (Note J)		
Notes payable		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note Z)		699,809
Bonds payable		1,817,339
Other long-term liabilities Total current liabilities		1,480,351 7,250,557
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		. 1,220,321
Contracts payable		
Reimbursement contracts payable		
Compensated absences payable (Note K)		1,020,025
Capital lease obligations (Note J)		
Notes payable		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note Z)	<del></del>	00.704.404
Bonds payable Other long-term liabilities		63,724,404
Total long-term liabilities		<u>1,548,475</u> <u>66,2</u> 92,904
Total liabilities		73,543,461
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		31,931,467
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		125,000
Debt service		
Unemployment compensation		
Other specific purposes		47 000 470
Unrestricted		17,326,900
Total net assets		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	140.764.998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GNOEC (BTA) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED October 31, 2005

OPERATING REVENUES Sales of commodities and services Assessments	\$	
Use of money and property		389,540
Licenses, permits, and fees		13,780,613 106,334
Other		100,324
Total operating revenues		14,276,477
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of sales and services		10,655,973
Administrative		268,741
Depreciation		4,136,809
Amortization		
Total operating expenses		15,061,523
Operating income(loss)		(785,046)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)		
State appropriations		
Intergovernmental revenues (expenses)	<del></del>	<del></del>
Taxes		5,097,876
Use of money and property		
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		
Federal grants		
Interest expense	<del></del>	(1,933,999)
Other		(188,531)
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)		2,975,346
Income(loss) before contributions and transfers		2,190,300
Capital contributions Transfers in		
Transfers out		
Change in net assets	·	2,190,300
Total net assets - beginning as restated		65,031,237
Total net assets – ending	\$	67,221,537

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA GNOEC (BTA) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED October 31, 2005

			Program Revenue	s		Net (Expense)
			Operating	Capital	••	Revenue and
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Net Assets
Entity	\$18,773,102	14,170,153	345,195		\$	(4,257,754)
General rever	nues:					
Taxes						5,097,876
State app	propriations					
Grants a	nd contributions ne	ot restricted to s	pecific programs			
Interest			•			1,026,702
Miscellar	neous				_	323,476
Special items	i					<del></del>
Transfers						
Total ger	neral revenues, sp	ecial items, and	transfers			6,448,054
CI	hange in net assets	s				2,190,300
	beginning as restat					65,031,237
Net assets -	ending				\$	67,221,537

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA GNOEC (BTA) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED October 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 14,206,908	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(9,910,472)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(5,064,684)	
Payments in lieu of taxes		
Internal activity-payments to other funds	·	
Claims paid to outsiders	(258,878)	
Other operating revenues(expenses)	505,923	
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities		\$ (521,203)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
State appropriations		
Proceeds from sale of bonds		
Principal paid on bonds		
Interest paid on bond maturities		
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable		
Principal paid on notes payable		
Interest paid on notes payable		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Operating grants received Other	4040 000	
Transfers In	4,618,696	
1,44		
Transfers Out		4.040.000
Net cash provided(used) by non-capital financing		4,618,696
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Proceeds from sale of bonds		
Principal paid on bonds	(1,750,000)	
Interest paid on bond maturities	(2,986,951)	
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable		
Principal paid on notes payable		
Interest paid on notes payable		
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	(4,571,684)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(+00,1 (0,7)	
Capital contributions		
Other		
Net cash provided(used) by capital and related financing		
activities		(0.200.625)
activities		(9,308,635)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of investment securities	(224,947,980)	
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	229,273,486	
Interest and dividends earned on investment securities	938,768	
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities		5,264,274.00
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		53,132.00
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,272,501.00
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	;	\$ <u>2,325,633.00</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement D (continued)

STATE OF LOUISIANA GNOEC (BTA) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED October 31, 2005

#### Reconciliation of operating income(loss) to net cash provided(used) by operating activities:

Operating income(loss)			\$	(785,046)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income(loss) to net of Depreciation/amortization  Provision for uncollectible accounts	cash	4,136,809	•	
Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase)decrease in accounts receivable, net (Increase)decrease in due from other funds (Increase)decrease in prepayments (Increase)decrease in inventories (Increase)decrease in other assets Increase(decrease) in accounts payable and accruals Increase(decrease) in accrued payroll and related bene Increase(decrease) in compensated absences payable Increase(decrease) in due to other funds Increase(decrease) in deferred revenues Increase(decrease) in other liabilities	fits	(1,740,834) 104,763 (2,459,487) 78,228 144,364	- - - )	
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities  Schedule of noncash investing, capital, and financing	activities:		∜ =	(521,203)
Borrowing under capital lease	\$	<del></del>		
Contributions of fixed assets		<del></del>		
Purchases of equipment on account		<del></del> .		
Asset trade-ins		<del></del>	,	
Other (specify)		<del></del>		
Decrease in fair value of investments		40,9	808	
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	\$	40,9	908	

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement D

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005 INTRODUCTION

The _ Louis	GNOEC(BTA) was created by the Louisiana State Legislature under the provisions of iana Revised Statute33:1324 The following is a brief description of the operations of
	GNOEC (BTA) which includes the parish/parishes in which the (BTA) is located:
A.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
1.	BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
	In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.
	The accompanying financial statements ofGNOEC present information only as to the transactions of the programs of theGNOEC as authorized by Louisiana statutes and administrative regulations.
	Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.
	The accounts of theGNOEC are maintained in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and the regulations of the Division of Administration — Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy as follows:
	Revenue Recognition
	Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting; therefore, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.
	Expense Recognition
	Expenses are recognized on the accrual basis; therefore, expenses, including salaries, are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable.
В.	BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING
	The appropriations made for the operations of the various programs of theGNOEC (BTA) are annual lapsing appropriations.
	<ol> <li>The budgetary process is an annual appropriation valid for one year.</li> <li>The agency is prohibited by statute from over expending the categories established in the budget.</li> <li>Budget revisions are granted by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, a committee of the Louisiana Legislature. Interim emergency appropriations may be granted by the Interim Emergency Board.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>The budgetary information included in the financial statements includes the original appropriation plus subsequent amendments as follows:</li> </ol>

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

		<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u>
Original approved budget	\$_	, , , ,
Amendments:	_	
	-	
	_	
Final approved budget	\$_	-

- C. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (If all agency cash and investments are deposited in the State Treasury, disregard Note C.)
  - 1. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the \_\_\_\_\_\_GNOEC\_\_\_\_\_\_(BTA) may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further, the (BTA) may invest in time certificates of deposit in any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the state of Louisiana; in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets with a maturity of three months or less when purchased) are considered to be cash equivalents.

Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank in the form of safekeeping receipts held by the State Treasurer.

GASB Statement 40 amended GASB Statement 3 to eliminate the requirement to disclose all deposits by the 3 categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the disclosure of deposits that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. An entity's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if the deposit balances are either 1) uninsured and uncollateralized, 2) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

The deposits at October 31, 2005, consisted of the following:

		<u>Cæth</u>	Certificates of Deposit		Other (Describe)		<u>Total</u>
Deposits in Bank Accounts Per Balance Sheet	\$_	2,325,633	\$	=\$ <u></u>		_\$_	2,325,633.00
Bank Balances of Deposits Exposed to Oustcolal Ore	dt Ris	k					
a Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	!	\$	\$		\$	-
b. Uninsured and collateralized with securities							
held by the pledging institution							<u>-</u>
c. Uninsured and collateralized with securities held							
by the plectging institution's trust department or							
agent <u>but not in the entity's name</u>							<b>-</b>
Total Dayle Dalescoop All Composito	œ	ാഷ്യസ	<b>o</b>	•		•	2000 mm m

Total Bank Balances - Ali Deposits

\$ 2,288<sup>3</sup>993 \$

\$ 2,288,993.00

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

#### Notes to the Financial Statement

#### As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

NOTE: The "Total Bank Balances – All Deposits" will not necessarily equal the "Deposits in Bank Account per Balance Sheet" due to outstanding items.

The following is a breakdown by banking institution, program, account number, and amount of the balances shown above:

Banking ir	<u>nstitution</u>	<u>Program</u>		<u>Amount</u>
1. JP Morgan 2.		arious	<b></b> \$	2,288,993
3. 4.		···		··
Total			\$	2,288,993
to aid in reconciling	sury and petty cash are in a mounts reported on the and petty cash that are Cash in State Treasu	e balance sheet to included on the ba	amounts reported	
	Petty cash	\$ 800	······································	
2. INVESTMENTS				
TheC authorized by	GNOEC(I			nvestment accounts as stments by (BTA)).

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Investments can be exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities underlying the investment are uninsured, not registered in the name of the entity, and are either held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the entity's name. Using the following table, list each type of investment disclosing the total carrying amounts and market values, and any amounts exposed to custodial credit risk.

GASB Statement 40 amended GASB Statement 3 to eliminate the requirement to disclose all investments by the 3 categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the separate disclosure of investments that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. Those investments exposed to custodial credit risk are reported by type in one of two separate columns depending upon whether they are held by a counterparty, or held by a counterparty's trust department or agent not in the entity's name. In addition, the total reported amount and fair value columns still must be reported for total investments regardless of exposure to custodial credit risk.

### STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

		Investment		All Investments Regardless of			
		to Custodial Uninsured, *Unregistered,	Uninsured, *Unregistered, and Held by Counterparty's Trust Dept. or	Custodial Credit	Risk Exposure		
Түре	of Investment	and Held by <u>Counterparty</u>	Agent <u>Not in</u> Entity's Name	Reported <u>Amount</u>	Fair <u>Value</u>		
Repu	rchase agreements	\$	\$ \$	\$			
•	Government securities	·	17,543,605	17,543,605	17,543,605		
U. S.	Agency Obligations		19,780,017	19,780,017	19,780,017		
Comi	mon & preferred stock						
	mercial paper						
	orate bonds						
	r: (identify)						
Mone	ey Market						
		-					
_		_			000		
	l investments registered - not registered in th	\$		37,323,622 \$	37,323,622		
3.	market risklegal risk	risks from these inves	stments is as follows	S:			
4.	Credit Risk, Concentration Disclosures  A. Credit Risk of Debt In		Interest Rate Ri	sk, and Foreign	Currency Ris		
	A. Credit Risk of Debt In  Disclose the credit risk of agencies as of the fiscal y credit quality rating (if any	of debt investments ear end. All debt in	vestments regard				
	Rating	•	<u>Value</u>				
	AAA	\$	37,323,622				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del> ·					

37,323,622

Total

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA

#### GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

- B. Interest rate Risk
- 1. Disclose the interest rate risk of debt investments by listing the investment type, total fair value, and breakdown of maturity in years for each debt investment type.

S. Agency obligations 19,780,017 19,780,017 S. Treasury obligations 17,543,605 17,543,605 ortgage backed securities ollateralized mortgage obligations orporate bonds ther bonds utual funds ther	Investment Maturities (in Years)	stment Maturities	Inve	_	
S. Government obligations \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		1 _ E	<del>_</del>		5 Dahi Inyaahu ani
S. Agency obligations S. Treasury obligations S. Treasury obligations S. Treasury obligations Total  19,780,017 17,543,605 17,543,60	Value than 1.70 0-10 than to			Value	<u>Debt investment</u>
S. Treasury obligations ortgage backed securities dilateralized mortgage obligations reporate bonds her bonds situal funds her  2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total  Issuer  Amount  Amount    17,543,605   1	sssss	<u> </u>	\$\$_	\$	overnment obligations \$
Integrage backed securities Illateralized mortgage obligations reporate bonds Integrated bo					gency obligations
lilateralized mortgage obligations reporate bonds her bonds intual funds her bonds trual funds her tail debt investments \$\frac{37,323,622}{37,323,622} \\$ \frac{37,323,622}{37,323,622} \\$ \frac{5}{37,323,622} \\$ \frac{5}{3				17,543,605	• •
reporate bonds ther bonds trual funds her tal debt investments \$ 37,323,622 \$ 37,323,622 \$ - \$ - \$  2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment Fair Value Terms  \$  Total \$  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total    Issuer   Amount   Investments		*			-
her bonds attail funds her  Stall debt investments \$ 37,323,622 \$ 37,323,622 \$ - \$ - \$  2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment Fair Value Terms  \$  Total \$  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total    Ssuer   Amount   Investments		···			• • • •
2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  S  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total  Issuer  Amount  Investments					•
2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total  Issuer  Amount  Amount  Amount  Investments					• • · · ·
2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  **Group Total**  **Gr					lulius
2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates,  Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  Total  \$  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total  Issuer  Amount  Investments					
Debt Investment  Fair Value  Terms  S  Total  C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  **Group Terms**  **C. Concentration of Credit Risk  **List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  **Group Terms**  **Group Terms**  **Group Terms**  **Amount Investments**  **Group Terms**  **Gr	7,323,622 \$ 37,323,622 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$	\$ 37,323,622 \$	37,323,622	lebt investments \$
C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)    Solution	<u>Fair Value</u> <u>Terms</u>	<u>Terms</u>	<u>r Value</u>	<u>Fair</u>	Debt Investment
C. Concentration of Credit Risk  List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  8 of Total  Issuer Amount Investments	\$			\$	
List, by amount and issuer, investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  **Grade Company of Total**  **Issuer**  **Amount**  **Investments**	<b>-</b>			\$	Total
investments. (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and extern pools)  % of Total   Issuer   Amount Investments		au that warrange	40 in ann an ia		
Issuer Amount Investments					investments. (not including
Issuer Amount Investments	% of Total	% of Total			
			Amount		Issuer
<u> </u>	Tangana Introdujuo	1111 0001 101 100	, unounc		<u></u>
	\$			\$	
			<u></u> -	<del></del>	
			<del>-</del>	<del></del>	
				<del></del>	
Total \$ -	¢			¢	Total

#### D. Foreign Currency Risk

Disclose the U.S. dollar balances of any deposits or investments that are exposed to foreign currency risk (deposits or investments denominated in foreign currencies). List by currency denomination and investment type, if applicable.

## STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

	·	,	<u>Fair Value ir</u>	<u> Ս.Տ. [</u>	<u>Dollars</u>	
Fore	reign Currency		<u>Bonds</u>		<u>Stocks</u>	
		\$		\$		
Tota	tal	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
Polic	icies					
risk	efly describe the deposit and/or it of debt investments, concentrate closed in this note. If no policy ex	ion of credi	it risk, interest	rate r	isk, and foreign curre	ency risk
Ot	ther Disclosures Required for Invest	tments				
a.	Investments in pools managed by	other gover		al fund	s	<del></del> .
b.	Securities underlying reverse rep					
c.	Unrealized investment losses					
d.	Commitments as of repurchase agreements:  1. Carrying amount and marke					
	Description of the terms of	ine agreeme	nt			
e.	Losses during the year due to de	•	terparties to dep			ns
f.	Amounts recovered from prior-pe					nce shee
<u>Leg</u>	al or Contractual Provisions for Rev	erse Repurc	hase Agreemen	<u>ts</u>		
g.	Source of legal or contractual aut	horization fo	r use of reverse	repurc	chase agreements	<del></del>
h.	Significant violations of legal or occurred during the year	r contractual	I provisions for	revers	se repurchase agreen	nents tha
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	

Reverse Repurchase Agreements as of Year-End

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA

## GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

## Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

i.	Credit risk related to the reverse repurchase agreements (other than yield maintenance agreements) outstanding at year end, that is, the aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations including accrued interest compared to aggregate market value of the securities underlying those agreements including interest
j.	Commitments on(fiscal close), to repurchase securities under yield maintenance agreements
k.	Market value on (fiscal close), of the securities to be repurchased
l.	Description of the terms of the agreements to repurchase
m.	Losses recognized during the year due to default by counterparties to reverse repurchase agreements
n.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses which are not separately shown on the operating statement
<u>Fair</u>	Value Disclosures
0.	Methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of investments, if fair value is not based on quoted market prices
p.	Basis for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost
q.	For investments in external investment pools that are not SEC-registered, a brief description of any regulatory oversight for the pool
r.	Whether the fair value of your investment in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares
S.	Any involuntary participation in an external investment pool
t.	If you are unable to obtain information from a pool sponsor to determine the fair value of your investment in the pool, methods used and significant assumptions made in determining that fair value and the reasons for having had to make such an estimate
u.	Any income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund

## GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

**Notes to the Financial Statement** 

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

#### D. CAPITAL ASSETS - INCLUDING CAPITAL LEASE ASSETS

The fixed assets used in the Special Purpose Government Engaged only in Business-Type Activities are included on the balance sheet of the entity and are capitalized at cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the entity is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation for financial reporting purposes is computed by the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets.

		Year ended October 31, 2005									
	-		F	Prior	Adjusted		-			•	
		Balance	P	eriod	Balance					Balance	
	_	11/01/2004	Adju	ustment_	7/1/2004	Additions	Tran	sfers* Reti	rements	10/31/2005	
Capital assets not being depreciated											
Land	\$		\$	\$	- 9	\$	\$	\$	\$	_	
Non-depreciable land improvements					-					-	
Capitalized collections											
Construction in progress	_									-	
Total capital assets not being											
depreciated	\$_		<u>*</u>	<u></u> \$_	(	<u> </u>	\$	\$	\$_		
Other capital assets											
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$	4,407,934	\$	\$	4,407,934	\$ 710,427	7 \$	\$	\$	5,118,361	
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,573,517)	)		(2,573,517)	(458,407	7)			(3,031,924)	
Total furniture, fixtures, and equipment	_	1,834,417			1,834,417	252,020				2,086,437	
Buildings and improvements		1,204,210			1,204,210					1,204,210	
Less accumulated depreciation		(190,666)	)		(190,666)	(30,10	5)			(220,771)	
Total buildings and improvements	-	1,013,544			1,013,544	(30,10	5)	_		983,439	
Depreciable land improvements										_	
Less accumulated depreciation											
Total depreciable land improvements		<u>-</u>					·		<u> </u>	·-	
Infrastructure		185,374,533			185,374,533	9,974,72	2			195,349,255	
Less accumulated depreciation		(97,297,624)	)		(97,297,624)	(3,648,29)	7)			(100,945,921)	
Total infrastructure		88,076,909			88,076,909	6,326,42	5		·	94,403,334	
Total other capital assets	\$_	90,924,870		<u> </u>	90,924,870	\$6,548,34	<u> </u>	\$	<u></u> \$_	97,473,210	
Capital Asset Summary:											
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$		\$	- \$	_ :	\$ -	- \$	\$	\$		
Other capital assets, at cost		190,986,677			190,986,677	10,685,14	9	-		201,671,826	
Total cost of capital assets		190,986,677			190,986,677	10,685,14	9			201,671,826	
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(100,061,807)	<u> </u>		(100,061,807)	(4,136,80	9)			(104,198,616)	
Capital assets, net	\$_	90,924,870	_\$	\$_	90,924,870	\$6,548,34	<u> </u>	\$	\$_	97,473,210	

<sup>\*</sup> Should be used only for those completed projects coming out of construction-in-progress to fixed assets; not associated with transfers reported elsewhere in this packet.

#### E. INVENTORIES

The BTA's inventories are valued at \_\_\_\_\_GNOEC\_\_\_\_\_ (method of valuation). These are perpetual inventories and are expensed when used. NOTE: DO NOT INCLUDE POSTAGE. THIS IS SHOWN AS A PREPAYMENT.

GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

F. RESTRICTED ASSETS

	Restricted assets in theGNOEC(BTA) atOctober 31, 2005(fiscal year end), reflected at \$20,018,330 in the non-current assets section on Statement A, consisting of \$ in cash with fiscal agent, \$1,735,152 in receivables, and \$18,283,178 investment in US Government Securities (identify the type investments held.) State the purpose of the restrictions:
G.	LEAVE
	1. COMPENSATED ABSENCES
	TheGNOEC(BTA) has the following policy on annual and sick leave: (Describe leave policy.)
	An example disclosure follows:

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current year expenditure in the fund when leave is actually taken; it is recognized in the enterprise funds when the leave is earned. The cost of leave privileges applicable to general government operations not requiring current resources is recorded in long-term obligations.

#### 2. COMPENSATORY LEAVE

Employees who are considered having non-exempt status according to the guidelines contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act may be paid for compensatory leave earned (K-time). Upon termination or transfer, an employee will be paid for any time and one-half compensatory teave earned and may or may not be paid for any straight hour-for-hour compensatory leave earned. Compensation paid will be based on the employees' hourly rate of pay at termination or transfer. The liability for accrued payable compensatory leave at \_\_\_\_\_\_ (fiscal close) computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section C60.105 is estimated to be \$\_\_\_\_\_. The leave payable (is) (is not) recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all of the employees of the (BTA) are members of the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (LASERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The System is a statewide public employee retirement system (PERS) for the benefit of state employees, which is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees. (Note: If LASERS is not your entity's retirement system, indicate the retirement system that is and replace any wording in this note that doesn't apply to your retirement system with the applicable wording.)

All full-time (BTA) employees are eligible to participate in the System. Benefits vest with 10 years of service. At retirement age, employees are entitled to annual benefits equal to \$300 plus 2.5% of their highest consecutive 36 months' average salary multiplied by their years of credited service.

Vested employees are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life at (a) any age with 30 years of service, (b) age 55 with 25 years of service, or (c) age 60 with 10 years of service. In addition, vested employees have the option of reduced benefits at any age with 20 years of service. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute. The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System, Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213, or by calling (225) 922-0608 or (800) 256-3000.

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

Members are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of gross salary, and the (BTA) is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate as required by R.S. 11:102. The contribution rate for the fiscal year ended October 31,2005 increased to 12.75% of annual covered payroll from the 11.75% and % required in fiscal years ended October 31, 2004 and 2003 respectively. The (BTA) contributions to the System for the years ending October 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$490,085, \$388,256, and \$258,722, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

# I. POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

GASB 12 requires the following disclosures about an employer's accounting for post retirement health care and life insurance benefits:

- 1. A description of the benefits provided and the employee group covered.
- 2. A description of the accounting and funding policies followed for those benefits.
- 3. The cost of those benefits recognized for the period, unless the costs are not readily determinable.\*\*
- 4. The effect of significant matters affecting the comparability of the costs recognized for all periods presented.

\*\*If the cost of any post retirement health care or life insurance benefits cannot readily be separated from the cost of providing such benefits for active employees or otherwise be reasonably approximated, the total cost of providing those benefits to active employees and retirees, as well as the number of active employees and the number of retirees covered by the plan must be disclosed.

Substantially all (BTA) employees become eligible for post employment health care, dental and life

insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the (BTA). These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the (BTA). For 2005, the cost of providing those benefits for the retirees totaled \$
The GNOEC (BTA) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its
retired employees. Substantially all (BTA) employees become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal
retirement age while working for the (BTA). Those benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active
employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the
employee and by the (BTA). [The (BTA) recognizes the cost of providing these benefits ((BTA)'s portion of
premiums) as an expenditure when paid during the year, which was \$ for the year ended
, 20 The cost of providing those benefits for retirees is not separable from
the cost of providing benefits for the active employees.] or, [The (BTA)'s cost of providing
retiree health care and life insurance benefits are recognized as expenditures when the monthly premiums
are paid. For the year ended, 20 the costs of retiree benefits totaled
\$]

#### J. LEASES

#### OPERATING LEASES

The total payments for operating leases during fiscal year 2004-2005 amounted to \$\_\_\_\_\_\_. A schedule of payments for operating leases follows: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2020, please create additional columns and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

Nature of lease	FY2006	FY2007	œ	FY2008	•	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011- 2015	FY2016- <u>2020</u>
\$ <u>-</u>	·	·	Φ.		- <del>1</del> -		. Ф	Ψ	Р.
									<del></del>
		-				, .			
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Total \$	-	\$	\$	_	\$_		\$	\$	\$ <u> </u>

#### 2. CAPITAL LEASES

Capital leases are (are not) recognized in the accompanying financial statements. The amounts to be accrued for capital leases and the disclosures required for capital and operating leases by National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 5, as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and FASB 13 should be reported on the following schedules:

Capital leases are defined as an arrangement in which <u>any one</u> of the following conditions apply: (I) ownership transfers by the end of the lease, (2) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (3) the lease term is 75% of the asset life or, (4) the discounted minimum lease payments are 90% of the fair market value of the asset.

#### SCHEDULE A - TOTAL AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)	Remaining interest to end of <u>lease</u>	Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
a. Office space	\$	_\$	_\$
b. Equipment	<del></del>	<del></del> -	
c. Land	_		
Total	\$	_ \$	_ \$

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2025, please create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

Total

Year ending June	30 :		<u>Total</u>
2006		,	\$
2007			
2008			
2009			
2010			
2011-2015			
2016-2020			
2021-2025	,		
Total minimum lea			
	unts representing exect	utory costs	
Net minimum leas	• •	*	-
	unts representing inter let minimum lease payr		s
Present value of t	iet millimum lease payi	nents	Ψ
SCHEDULE E	B – NEW AGENCY CAF	PITAL LEASES	EXCEPT LEAF
		Remaining	Remaining
	Gross Amount of	interest to	principal to
	Leased Asset	end of	end of
Nature of lease	(Historical Costs)	<u>lease</u>	<u>lease</u>
			_
a. Office space	\$\$		\$
b. Equipment			
c. Land			· ———

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2025, please create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

# Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

Year ending June 30:		<u>Total</u>
2006	\$_	
2007		
2008		
2009		
2010		
2011-2015	_	
2016-2020	_	
2021-2025		
Total minimum lease payments	_	-
Less amounts representing executory costs		
Net minimum lease payments		
Less amounts representing interest	_	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ _	-

## SCHEDULE C - LEAF CAPITAL LEASES

Nature of lease		Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)		inter er	aining rest to id of ase		Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land	\$ -					_\$ -	
Total	\$	-	·			- \$	

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2025, please create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

Year ending June 30:		<u>Total</u>
2006	\$	
2007		
2008		
2009		
2010		·
2011-2015		
2016-2020		
2021-2025	<del></del>	
Total minimum lease payments		-
Less amounts representing executory costs		
Net minimum lease payments		-
Less amounts representing interest		
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ <u></u>	-

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

#### 3. LESSOR DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

A lease is classified as a direct financing lease (1) when any one of the four capitalization criteria used to define a capital lease for the lessee is met and (2) when both the following criteria are satisfied:

- Collectibility of the minimum lease payments is reasonably predictable.
- No important uncertainties surround the amount of the unreimbursable costs yet to be incurred by the lessor under the lease.

Provide a general description of the direct financing agreement and complete the chart below:

Composition of lease	<u>Date of lease</u>	<u>g</u>	Minimum lease payment receivable	Remaining interest to end of lease	Remaining principa to end of lease
a. Office space		\$		\$	\$
b. Equipment			·\-		<del></del>
c. Land			1,015,885	<del></del>	
_ess amounts representing execu	utory costs				
Minimum lease payment recei	vable		1,015,885		
Less allowance for doubtful accor	unts				
Net minimum lease payments	receivable		1,015,885		
ess estimated residual value of	leased property				
_ess unearned income		===			
Net investment in direct finance	ing lease	\$	1,015,885		
stipulated in the leas equipment, land, or bu for fiscal year 2005 we land.	ilding etc., exceeds	a certa	in level of activity	each year. Conting	ent rentals received
The following is a sci lease as of October 3 FY2025, please creati year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da	ay of yo	our fiscal year): (	Note: If lease rece	ivables extend pas
The following is a sci lease as of October 3 FY2025, please creati year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease rece	ivables extend pas
The following is a sclease as of October 3 FY2025, please creating year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October 3 2006	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease rece mum lease paymer	ivables extend pas
The following is a scilease as of October 3 FY2025, please create year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October ( 2006 2007	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease rece mum lease paymer	ivables extend pas
The following is a sci lease as of October 3 FY2025, please create year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October ( 2006 2007 2008	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease recemum lease paymer  361,877 251,908 170,802	ivables extend pas
The following is a sclease as of October 3 FY2025, please create year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October 3 2006 2007 2008 2009	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease recemum lease paymer  361,877 251,908 170,802 128,168	ivables extend pas
The following is a sci lease as of October ( FY2025, please create year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October 3 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease recemum lease paymer  361,877 251,908 170,802	ivables extend pas
The following is a sci lease as of October 3 FY2025, please create year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October 3 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014 2015-2019	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease recemum lease paymer  361,877 251,908 170,802 128,168	ivables extend pas
The following is a sclease as of October (FY2025, please creative year increments.)	31, 2005(the last da e additional rows an Year ending October 3 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014	ay of you	our fiscal year): ( t these future mini	Note: If lease recemum lease paymer  361,877 251,908 170,802 128,168	ivables extend pas

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

# Notes to the Financial Statement

# As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

4. LESSOR - OPERATING LEASE

When a lease ag lessor accounting the lease is class lessor simply reco Provide the cost class of property	i), a sifie ords and	nd both of the of d as an operating rent revenues carrying amour	crite ing as t nt, if	ria for a lessor lease. In an op hey become me different, of pro	(collecti perating asurab perty or	ibility ai g lease, le and a n lease	nd no ur , there i available or held	ncertain rei s no simul e. for lease o	mbursable ated sale	e costs), and the
				Cont		ccumula		Carryin	_	
a. Office sp	200		\$	<u>Cost</u>	\$	<u>epreciat</u>	<u>1011</u> \$	amour	<u>u</u>	
b. Equipme			Ψ	•	- <sup>Ψ</sup>		Ψ			
c. Land			_							
Total			\$ 	of minimum fut	\$		<u>-</u> {		<u>-</u>	n a ratio a
FY2020, please in five year incr Year Ended	e cre	eate additional ents.)		day of your fisc umns and report	these	future i	minimun	n lease pa	yment rec	
June 30, 2006	·	Office Space		Equipment \$	Lar	<u>na</u> ,	<u>Ot</u>	<u>her</u>	Total	
2006	Ф		Ф	Ф		•	Φ	Ф		-
2008										-
2009										-
2010										-
2011-2015 2016-2020	_									- -
Total	\$ _		\$ <u> </u>				\$	\$_		
Current year leas Contingent renta	ie re	evenues receive	d in	itiscal year	tota	aled \$_	cal ves	r was \$	•	
for office space,	\$	fo	r ea	uipment, and \$	veu iui	your is	for la	ι was ψ nd.		<del></del>
• •				•			<del>-,-,-</del>			

## K. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the entity for the yr ended October 31, 2005:

		Year ended C	october 31, 2005		
	Balance November 1, <u>2004</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 31-Oct <u>2005</u>	Amounts due within one year
Bonds and notes payable:					
Notes payable	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reimbursement contracts payable					
Bonds payable	67,467,986		1,926,243	65,541,743	1,817,339
Total notes and bonds	67,467,986		1,926,243	65,541,743	1,817,339
Other liabilities:					
Contracts payable					
Compensated absences payable	941,797	78,228		1,020,025	
Capital lease obligations					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets					
Claims and litigation					
Other long-term liabilities					
Total other liabilities	941,797	78,228		1,020,025	
Total long-term liabilities	\$_68,409,783	<b>\$</b> 78,228	\$ 1,926,243	\$ 66,561,768	\$ 1,817,339

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of	f and for	the year er	ided Octo	ober 31, 2	2005						
	A detaile	ed summary, I	ov issues,	of all debt	t outstanding	at O	ctober 31,	2005,	including outs	standing in	terest
		45,586,118	is	shown or	n Schedule 4	4. S	chedule 5	is an	amortization :	schedule (	of the
		<del>-</del> ' . : : :									

	outstanding de	ebt. (Send OSRAP a copy of t	he amortization s	chedule for any	y new debt issue	d.)						
L.	LITIGATION											
1,	TheGNOE	C(BTA) is a defendant in li	itigation seeking d	lamages as fol	lows:							
	Date of Action	Description of Litigation and Probable outcome (Remote, reasonably possible, or probable)	<u></u>		Insurance Coverage							
	Totals			\$	\$							
	affect the financ	_(BTA)'s legal advisor estima ial statement as follows (would ect on the financial statement):	d not materially at	ffect the financi	ial statements or	is unable to						
2.		ation costs of \$inancial statement.	_ were incurred	in the current y	year and are refl	ected in the						
М.	RELATED PAR	TY TRANSACTIONS										
	the transaction(	es disclosure of the descriptios) and any amounts due to onsactions.	or from which res	ult from related	d party transaction	ons. List all						
N.	ACCOUNTING CHANGES											
		nges made during the year involved in the characteristic of the ch				(principle,						
Ο.												
		In-Kind Contributions		nated Cost/Fair Netermined by the								
			\$									
		Total	\$		-							

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

#### P. DEFEASED ISSUES

GNOEC (BTA) defeased 1992 revenue bonds in a prior fiscal year by placing a portion of the proceeds of the 2003 series bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the new debt were used to purchase US Government securities, accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bond is not included in GNOEC's (BTA) financial statements. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. At October 31, 2005 \$46.245 million of the 1992 bonds are considered defeased

# Q. COOPERATIVE ENDEAVORS

LRS 33:9022 defines cooperative endeavors as any form of economic development assistance between and among the state of Louisiana, its local governmental subdivisions, political corporations, public benefit corporations, the United States government or its agencies, or any public or private association, corporation, or individual. The term cooperative endeavor includes cooperative financing, cooperative development, or any form of cooperative economic development activity. The state of Louisiana has entered into cooperative endeavor agreements with certain entities aimed at developing the economy of the state.

Some cooperative endeavor contracts are not coded with a document type of "COP" on the Contract Financial Management Subsystem (CFMS), but are considered cooperative endeavors. Include these below with your cooperative endeavor contracts coded with a document type of "COP". Examples of contracts that are considered cooperative endeavors, but are not coded with a document type of "COP" include contracts that fall under delegated authority, Facility Planning and Control "CEA" contracts, certain federal government contracts, contracts that legislative auditors may have designated as such within your agency, work incumbent programs, etc. In prior years, this information was requested as supplemental documentation after the AFRs were submitted, usually in October or November.

The liability outstanding for fiscal year ending October 31, 2005, by funding source, is as follows:

		Balance	
Funding Source		October 31, 2005	
State General Fund	\$_		
Self-generated revenue	_		
Statutorily dedicated revenue			
General obligation bonds			
Federal funds			
Interagency transfers			
Other funds/combination	_		

NOTE: Amounts in excess of contract limits **cannot** be used to reduce the outstanding contract balance at October 31, 2005. For example, if a contract specifies a percentage of usage for each month (25%) and usage exceeds that percentage (75%), you cannot claim actual usage that exceeds contract requirements (50%).

NOTE: In order to compute your ending balances by funding source, you should begin with your balances at October 31, 2004. These amounts will be increased by amounts for new contracts and amendments and decreased for payments as well as for liquidations.

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

# R. GOVERNMENT-MANDATED NONEXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (GRANTS)

CFDA		State Match	Total Amount
<u>Number</u>	Program Name	<u>Percentage</u>	of Grant
		\$ _	
			•
Total government-mandated n	onexchange transactions (grants)	\$ <u>_</u>	
VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-R	ELATED LEGAL OR CONTRAC	CTUAL PROVISIONS	•
		710/12 11(01)01010	•
At October 31, 2005 the _	GNOEC (BTA) was r		
	Bon	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
	Bon Bon		nant that re
	Bon	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
	Bon Bon	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT	Bon The Bon to correct this deficiency.	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT	Bon Bon	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT	Bon The Bon to correct this deficiency.	nd Reserve Cove	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT TheGNOEC(	Bon The Bon to correct this deficiency.	or the following purp	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT TheGNOEC(	Bon The Bon to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for	or the following purp	nant that re
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt	Bon Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning	or the following purposes as follows:	nant that re (BT.
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the	Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning	or the following purp	nant that re (BT.
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt	Bon Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning lss	or the following purposes as follows:	nant that re (BT.
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt	Bon Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning lss	or the following purposes as follows:	nant that re (BT.
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt (e.g., tax anitcipation notes	Bon Bon Bon To correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning Balance Iss \$	or the following purposes as follows:    ued	enant that re  (BT.  cose(s)  Ending  Balance  -
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt	Bon Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning lss	or the following purposes as follows:    ued	Ending Balance  following to f
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt (e.g., tax anitcipation notes)	Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning Iss	or the following purposes as follows:    ued	enant that re  (BT.  cose(s)  Ending  Balance  -
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt (e.g., tax anitcipation notes)	Bon Bon Bon To correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning Balance Iss \$	or the following purposes as follows:    ued	Ending Balance  following to f
SHORT-TERM DEBT  TheGNOEC(  Short-term debt activity for the  List the type of S-T debt (e.g., tax anitcipation notes)	Bon The to correct this deficiency.  BTA) issues short-term notes for year ended October 31, 2005 was Beginning Iss	or the following purposes as follows:    ued	Ending Balance  following to f

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

## U. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLE BALANCES

Receivables at October 31, 2005, were as follows:

Activity		ıstomer ceivable		Taxes	fro	ceivables m other ernments		Other Receivables		Total Receivables
Activity	\$		\$ _	1,309,190.00			\$	454,291.00	\$	1,763,481.00
Gross receivables	 \$	-	_ \$ _	1,309,190.00	\$		\$	454,291.00	\$	1,763,481.00
uncollectible accounts Receivables, net	\$ <u></u>		_	1,309,190.00	\$ <u></u>	<u> </u>	\$	- 454,291.00	\$	
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$		_ \$ _		\$		\$ .		. \$ .	

#### V. DISAGGREGATION OF PAYABLE BALANCES

Payables at October 31, 2005, were as follows:

			Salaries						
					Accrued		Other		Total
Activity	Vendors				Interest	Payables			Payables
	\$ 2,847,148	\$	70,251	\$		\$_	350,000	\$	3,267,399
Total payables	 2,847,148	\$	70,251	1	-	\$_	350,000	\$_	3,267,399

#### W. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Disclose any material event(s) affect	ing the (BTA) occur	ring between the close	of the fiscal period and
issuance of the financial statement.			

### X. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Governments that report enterprise funds or that use enterprise fund accounting and reporting standards to report their activities are required to present segment information for those activities in the notes to the financial statements. For purposes of this disclosure, a segment is an identifiable activity (or group of activities), reported as or within an enterprise fund or another stand-alone entity that has one or more bonds or other debt instruments outstanding, with a revenue stream pledged in support of that debt. In addition, the activity's revenues, expenses, gains and losses, assets, and liabilities are required to be accounted for separately. This requirement for separate accounting applies if imposed by an external party, such as accounting and reporting requirements set forth in bond indentures. Disclosure requirements for each segment should be met by identifying the types of goods and services provided and by presenting condensed financial statements in the notes, including the elements in A through C below (GASB 34, paragraph 122, as modified by GASB 37, paragraph 17.)

ype of goods or service	ces provided by the	he segment	

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

### Notes to the Financial Statement

## As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

- A. Condensed balance sheet:
  - (1) Total assets distinguishing between current assets, capital assets, and other assets. Amounts receivable from other funds or BTA's should be reported separately.
  - (2) Total liabilities distinguishing between current and long-term amounts. Amounts payable to other funds or BTA's should be reported separately.
  - (3) Total net assets distinguishing among restricted (separately reporting expendable and nonexpendable components); unrestricted; and amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

#### Condensed Balance sheet:

Segment #2
\$
 <del></del> -
 <u> </u>
\$

- B. Condensed statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets:
  - (1) Operating revenues (by major source).
  - (2) Operating expenses. Depreciation (including any amortization) should be identified separately.
  - (3) Operating income (loss).
  - (4) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) with separate reporting of major revenues and expenses.
  - (5) Capital contributions and additions to permanent and term endowments.
  - (6) Special and extraordinary items.
  - (7) Transfers
  - (8) Change in net assets.
  - (9) Beginning net assets.
  - (10) Ending net assets.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets:

	Segment #1	Segment #2
Operating revenues	\$	\$
Operating expenses		
Depreciation and amortization		
Operating income (loss)	-	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Capital contributions/additions to permanent and term endowments		
Special and extraordinary items		·
Transfers in		
Transfers out		
Change in net assets	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Beginning net assets		
Ending net assets	<u> </u>	

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

C. Condensed statement of cash flows:

	(1) Net cash provide (a) Operating ac (b) Noncapital fir (c) Capital and n (d) Investing acti (2) Beginning cash a (3) Ending cash and	tivities nancing activities elated financing ivities and cash equiva	activities ent balances									
	Condensed Statement of Cas	sh Flows:										
			<u>Segment</u> :	<u>#1</u>	Segment #2							
	Net cash provided (used) by op Net cash provided (used) by no financing activities Net cash provided (used) by ca financing activities Net cash provided (used) by in Beginning cash and cash equivalent	oncapital apital and related vesting activities valent balances		<del></del> _								
Υ. Ι	DUE TO/DUE FROM AND TRANSFE											
1.	List by fund type the amounts <b>due</b>	from other fund	is detailed by indiv	vidual fund	at your fiscal year en							
	Type of Fund		Name of Fund	\$	Amount							
				*								
	Total due from other funds	<del>_</del>		\$ <u></u>								
2.	List by fund type the amounts due to other funds detailed by individual fund at fiscal year end:											
	Type of Fund		Name of Fund	\$	Amount							
	Total due to other funds											
3.	List by fund type all transfers from	other funds fo	or the fiscal vear:	¥ <u>===</u>								
•	Type of Fund		Name of Fund	\$	<u>Amount</u>							
	Total transfers from other fund	ds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ <u></u>								
4.	List by fund type all transfers to o	ther funds for t	he fiscal year:									
	Type of Fund		Name of Fund	\$	Amount							
	Total transfers to other funds											

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended October 31, 2005

## Z. LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS

Liabilities	payable f	rom	restricted	assets	in th	ne GNOE	EC (E	3TA) a	at Od	ctober	31,	2005	(fiscal	year	end),
reflected a	at \$3,997,	499	in the cu	rrent lia	abilitie	s section	on	State	ment	A, co	nsisi	t of S	699,809	in	capital
projects pa	ayable, \$1	,817,	339 in not	es paya	ible, a	and \$1,48	0,351	in ac	cure	d inter	est.				

Liabilities	payable	from	restric	cted as	sets	in the		_(BTA) :	at	(1	fiscal	year e	end),
reflected	at \$_			in	the	non-current	liabilities	section	on	Statement	Α,	consis	t of
\$	ir	acco	unts	payable	e, \$_		in note	es payab	ole, a	and \$			_ in

## AA. PRIOR-YEAR RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The following adjustments were made to restate beginning net assets for October 31, 2005.

Ending net assets November 1, 2004, previously reported	Adjustments <u>+ or (-)</u>	Beginning net assets, November 1, 2004, <u>As restated</u>
	\$	\$
		- / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<del></del>	<del></del>

Each adjustment must be explained in detail on a separate sheet.

(NOTE: Net Assets at November 1, 2004, previously reported, must correspond to Net Assets at October 31, 2004, per the information received from OSRAP.)

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION (BTA) SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS For the Year Ended October 31, 2005 (Fiscal Close)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>		
Lance Albin	\$	6,836	
John L Donahue Jr		1,139	
Kyle M France		5,697	
Patricia LeBlanc		6,836	
Frank L Levy		1,528	
Joseph W Slater		6,836	
Ben Slater III		4,997	
Joy H Zainey	· · ·	311	
····			
		·······	
	\$	34,180	

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION (BTA) SCHEDULE OF STATE FUNDING For the Year Ended October 31, 2005 (Fiscal Close)

	<b>Description of Funding</b>	<u>Amount</u>
1.		<u> </u>
2		
8		
	Total	\$

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE October 31, 2005 (Fiscal Close)

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 10/31/04	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 10/31/05	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 10/31/05
Series 1999A	07/27/99	15,000,000	12,445,000		11,745,000	4.28-5.25	4,280,716
Series 2003	04/15/03	54,605,000	54,055,000		53,005,000	2.0-5.0	45,586,118
Premium	04/15/03		967,986		791,743	<del></del>	
	<u> </u>						
	<del></del>						<del></del>
						****	
						<del></del>	<del></del>
		***************************************					
							<del></del>
Total		<u>69,605,000</u>	\$ <u>67,467,986</u>	\$	\$ <u>65,541,743</u>		\$ <u>49.866,834</u>

<sup>\*</sup>Send copies of new amortization schedules

(BTA)

# SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE

(Fiscal close)

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
·		\$	\$	\$	\$	<del></del>	\$
				<del></del>		<del></del>	
		<del> </del>					
						-	
Total		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$

<sup>\*</sup>Send copies of new amortization schedules

# (BTA) SCHEDULE OF REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS PAYABLE

(Fiscal close)

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$
	<del></del>		<del></del> -				
	<u></u>						
						<del></del>	
<u>-</u>						·····	
		·				<del></del>	
Total		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$

<sup>\*</sup>Send copies of new amortization schedules

# (BTA) SCHEDULE OF REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended \_\_\_\_\_

(Fiscal Close)

Fiscal Year Ending:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2006	\$	\$
2007		
2008		
2009	-	
2010		
2011		
2012		
2013		
2014		
2015		
2016		
2017		
2018		
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		
2023		
2024		
2025		
2026		
2027		
2028		
2029		
2030		<del></del>
Total	\$	\$

# (BTA) SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL LEASE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended October 31, 2005

Fiscal Year Ending:	<u>Payment</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2006	\$	\$	\$	\$
2007				
2008				
2009				
2020				
2011-2015				
2016-2020		<del></del>		
2021-2025				
2026-2030				
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$

# STATE OF LOUISIANA (BTA) SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE AMORTIZATION

Fiscal Year Ending:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2006	\$	\$
2007		MANAGE .
2008		
2009		
2010		
2011-2015		
2016-2020		
2021-2025		
2026-2030	,	
Total	\$	\$

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended October 31, 2005

Fiscal Year Ending:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2006	\$ 1,760,000.00	\$ 2,960,702.00
2007	1,835,000.00	2,906,002.00
2008	1,905,000.00	2,848,377.00
2009	1,955,000.00	2,784,889.00
2010	2,030,000.00	2,719,226.00
2011-2015	11,395,000.00	12,303,610.00
2016-2020	10,105,000.00	9,589,515.00
2021-2025	9,640,000.00	7,391,913.00
2026-2030	12,165,000.00	4,831,350.00
2031-2033	11,960,000.00	1,531,250.00
Total	\$64,750,000.00	\$ 49,866,834.00

# GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION (BTA)

## **COMPARISON FIGURES**

To assist OSRAP in determining the reason for the change in financial position for the State, please complete the schedule below. If the change is greater than \$1 million, explain the reason for the change.

		<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>Difference</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
1)	Revenues	\$ _20,401,055	\$ 21,639,911	\$ (1,238,856)	\$ (5.8%)
	Expenses	18,372,224	18,295,525	(76,699)	(0.4%)
2)	Capital assets	97,473,210	90,924,870	6,458,340	7.2%
	Long-term debt	66,292,904	68,409,783	2,116,879	3.1%
	Net Assets	67,221,537	65,031,237	2,190,300	3.4%
	Explanation for change	:			
			·		

STATE OF LOUISIANA
GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION (BTA)
Appendix A
For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SIMPLIFIED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

**Expenses** – include all expenses, both operating and non-operating.

**Program Revenues** – include revenues derived from the program itself. These revenues reduce the net cost of the BTA's activities that must be financed from it's general revenues. Program revenues should be reported in the following three categories:

Charges for services - include revenues based on exchange or exchange-like transactions. (An exchange transaction is one in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.) These revenues arise from charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. Revenues in this category include fees charged for specific services.

Operating grants and contributions - revenue arising from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program and that may be used either for operating or capital expenses at the discretion of the BTA. (A non-exchange transaction is one in which an entity gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return.)

Capital grants and contributions – revenue arising from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program and that are restricted for capital purposes only - to purchase, construct, or renovate capital assets associated with a specific program.

Net (Expense) Revenue - Program revenues minus expenses.

**General Revenues** – all revenues are general revenues unless they are specifically required to be reported as program revenues.

**Taxes** – include all taxes received here, as all are considered general revenues, even those levied for a specific purpose.

**State appropriations** - include warrants drawn during the fiscal year and the 13<sup>th</sup> period, plus 14<sup>th</sup> period if applicable.

**Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs** – revenue arising from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations or individuals that are not restricted to a specific program.

**Interest** – any interest earned that is not required to be reported as program revenue (earnings on investments legally restricted to use by a specific program should be reported as program revenue).

**Miscellaneous** - any general revenues that do not specifically fall under one of the categories listed.

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION (BTA) Appendix A For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

**Special items** – are significant items subject to management's control that meet <u>one</u> of the following criteria:

- 1) unusual in nature possessing a high degree of abnormality and clearly unrelated or only incidentally related to the ordinary and typical activities of the entity.
- 2) infrequent in occurrence- not reasonably expected to recur in the foreseeable future, taking into account the environment in which the entity operates.

Transfers – All Interfund activities involving the flow of resources between funds.

Change in net assets – net (expense) revenue plus general revenues and special items.

Net assets – beginning – beginning net assets.

Net assets – ending – beginning net assets plus change in net assets.

STATE OF LOUISIANA
GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA)
Appendix B
For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

# INFORMATION FOR NOTE C "DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS" (GASB Statement 3 Amended by GASB Statement 40)

#### I. Purpose:

Note C provides the required disclosures about the governmental entities' deposits with financial institutions and investments. The disclosures required for deposits and investments as of the fiscal year ended date provides information about the credit risk and market risk of the deposits and investments and are designed to provide users of the financial statements information about the potential for losses associated with the deposits and investments. GASB Statement 40 has modified or eliminated portions of GASB Statement 3 including:

- modified the custodial credit risk disclosures of Statement 3 for deposits and investments to limit the required disclosure to only those exposed to custodial credit risk (similar to GASB 3's category 3).
- established or modified disclosure requirements related to concentrations of credit risk of investments, credit risk of debt investments, and interest rate risks of debt investments (including sensitivity to changes in interest rates), and
- established disclosure requirements for foreign currency risks for both deposits and investments.

Although GASB Statement 40 eliminated some of the disclosures required for custodial credit risk (the 3 categories for example), the total reported amounts of all deposits and investments must still be reported.

# II. Comparison of amounts disclosed per requirements in Note C to amounts shown on the Balance Sheet (if Balance Sheet is required as part of AFR packet):

- Generally, the amounts of cash and investments on the balance sheet will not be classified
  exactly the way they would be classified in Note C.
- "Deposits with Financial Institutions" and "Investments" in Note C may be reported on the
  balance sheet using titles or line items that are different than those in Note C, or they may
  be combinations of titles or line items. For instance, "Deposits" in Note C may come from
  several line items on the balance sheet such as "Cash in Bank" and "CD's", or even
  "Investments" (See section III below that gives further guidance on what should be
  considered "Deposits" in note C).
- Line items on the balance sheet may include amounts that would be deposits in Note C, and may also include amounts that would be investments in Note C. Also, cash and cash equivalents line items on the balance sheet may include amounts that are not deposited in bank accounts of the entity and therefore would not be reported in Note C as deposits but as separate line items such as petty cash, cash on hand, and treasury cash. These amounts must be reported separately from the deposits in Note C.
- Each line item on the balance sheet that involves cash or investments, including any
  restricted cash and/or investments, needs to be analyzed to determine what is included in
  the item and how it should be disclosed in Note C.

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Appendix B For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

# III. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" section of Note C:

- Generally, this section of the Note C disclosure refers to the various examples of "Deposits with Financial Institutions" (See "A" below for examples). The term "cash and cash equivalents" is used in reference to GASB Statement 9 that affects presentation for the balance sheet and statement of cash flows, not the note disclosures required by GASB Statement 3 & 40. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" include deposit accounts in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. They can be demand, savings, or time accounts, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and non-negotiable CD's. As stated previously, deposits for Note C may be a combination of balance sheet line items or titles.
- Do not include treasury cash, petty cash not in a bank account, or cash on hand in Note C
  as part of the deposits in bank accounts. As mentioned previously, these amounts would
  be reported separately.

#### A. Examples and/or definitions:

Nonnegotiable Certificates of <u>Deposit</u> – Nonnegotiable CDs are time deposits that are placed by depositors directly with financial institutions and generally are subject to a penalty if redeemed before maturity. These are treated as deposits for GASB 3 Note C disclosures. (<u>Negotiable CDs</u> are securities that are normally sold in \$1 million units that are traded in a secondary market. These are treated as investments for Note C disclosures.)

Money Market Accounts – financial institution "money market" accounts are simply deposits that pay interest at a rate set to make the accounts competitive with money market mutual funds. They should be treated like any other deposit account for Note C disclosures.

<u>Bank Investment Contracts (BICs)</u> – A BIC is a general obligation instrument issued by a bank, typically to a pension plan, that provides for a guaranteed return on principal over a specified period. Since these are issued by a bank, they are treated as deposits for Note C disclosures.

#### B. Other definitions as applied to deposits:

<u>Insured (Insurance)</u> – deposits are insured by federal deposit insurance (FDIC), state deposit insurance, multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits, and even commercial insurance (if scope of coverage would be substantially the same as FDIC).

Collateral – Security pledged by a financial institution to a government entity for its deposits.

#### IV. "Investments" section of Note C:

- Types of investments for listing investments by type definitions/examples:
  - 1. Repurchase Agreements An agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower): the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Appendix B

For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

- 2. <u>U.S. Government Obligations</u> examples include treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury strips; obligations of certain U.S. Government Agencies such as FNMA, FHLB, or SLMA.
- 3. <u>Common & Preferred Stock</u> a security that represents an ownership interest in an entity.
- 4. <u>Commercial Paper (mortgages, notes, etc.)</u> An unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. Almost all commercial paper is rated as to credit risk by rating services.

#### 5. Corporate Bonds

- 6. Other (identify) It is not appropriate to present material amounts of investments as "Other", unless the note disclosure describes the composition of the "Other" category. The following are examples of other investments:
  - a. <u>Closed-end Mutual Fund</u> The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. A closed-end mutual fund has a constant number of shares, the value depends on the market supply and demand for the shares rather than directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does issue certificates, and the securities are traded on a stock exchange.
  - b. Open-end Mutual Funds The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. In contrast to a closed-end mutual fund, the open-end mutual fund creates new shares to meet investor demand, the value depends directly on the value of the portfolio, and the fund does not issue certificates but sends out periodic statements showing account activity. These investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
  - c. <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u> An agreement in which a broker-dealer or financial institution (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a governmental entity (seller-borrower); the entity transfers securities to the broker-dealer or financial institution and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
  - d. <u>Investments in pools managed by another government</u> Generally, these investments would not be exposed to custodial credit risk because the investments themselves are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
  - e. Private placements, such as venture capital and limited partnerships
  - f. <u>Investments in real estate</u>, annuity contracts, and direct investments in mortgages

# STATE OF LOUISIANA GREATER NEW ORLEANS EXPRESSWAY COMMISSION(BTA) Appendix B For the Year Ended October 31, 2005

#### V. Risk Disclosures for Deposits and Investments:

 Deposits and investments are subject to several types of risks, mainly credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk.

<u>Credit risk</u> - defined as the risk that a counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations and can be associated with the issuer of securities, with a financial institution holding deposits, or with a party holding investment or collateral securities.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

<u>Market risk</u> – defined as the risk that the market value of investment securities, collateral securities protecting a deposit, or securities of a repurchase agreement will decline.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

<u>Foreign currency risk</u> – defined as the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit.

# A. Custodial Credit Risk Disclosures for Deposits:

Following GASB Statement 3, deposits were classified into three categories of custodial credit risk depending on whether they were insured or collateralized, and who holds the collateral and how the collateral is held.

<u>Collateral</u> – Securities pledged by the financial institution for the purpose of securing the governmental entity's deposits.

<u>Collateralized</u> – When the entity's deposits are secured with securities pledged by the financial institution holding the deposits.

GASB Statement 40 amended GASB Statement 3 to eliminate the requirement to disclose all deposits by the 3 categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the disclosure of deposits that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. An entity's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if the deposit balances are 1) uninsured and uncollateralized, 2) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

# B. Custodial Credit Risk Disclosures for Investments:

Following GASB Statement 3, investments (listed by type) were either classified into three categories (depending on whether they are insured or registered and who holds the securities and how they are held), or listed as non-classified investments.

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GASB Statement 40 amended GASB Statement 3 to eliminate the requirement to disclose all investments by the 3 categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the separate disclosure of investments that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. However, the total reported amount and fair value columns still must be reported for total investments regardless of exposure to custodial credit risk. Those investments exposed to custodial credit risk are reported by type in one of two separate columns depending upon whether they are held by a counterparty, or held by a counterparty's trust department or agent not in the entity's name.

### C. Additional Risk Disclosures for Required by GASB Statement 40:

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Disclose the credit risk of debt investments by credit quality ratings as described by rating agencies as of the fiscal year end. All debt investments regardless of type can be aggregated by credit quality rating (if any are un-rated, disclose that amount).

Interest Rate Risk - Disclose the interest rate risk of debt investments by listing the investment type, total fair value, and breakdown of maturity in years of those investments. In addition, list the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the terms of the investment (e.g. coupon multipliers, reset dates, etc.)

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - List, by amount and issuer (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and investment pools), investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> - Disclose the U.S. dollar balances of any deposits or investments that are exposed to foreign currency risk (deposits or investments denominated in foreign currencies). List these by currency denomination and investment type, if applicable.

<u>Deposits and Investments Policies Relating to Risk</u> - Briefly describe the deposit and/or investment policies related to the custodial credit risk, credit risk of debt investments, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk disclosed in this note. If no policy exists concerning the risks disclosed, that fact should be stated.

## VI. Securities as Applied to Credit Risk of Deposits and Investments:

<u>Securities defined</u> – a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Securities can be in either paper or book-entry form.

- 1. Examples of securities that are often held by or pledged to (as collateral) governmental entities include:
  - a. treasury bills, treasury notes, treasury bonds
  - b. federal agency obligations
  - c. corporate debt instruments (including commercial paper)
  - d. corporate equity instruments
  - e. negotiable CD's (keyword here is negotiable)

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- f. bankers' acceptances
- g. shares of closed-end mutual funds (keyword here is closed-end)
- h. shares of unit investment trusts
- 2. Instruments or investments that are not securities include:
  - a. investments made directly with another party (such as limited partnerships)
  - b. real estate
  - c. direct investments in mortgages and other loans
  - d. investments in open-ended mutual funds (keyword here is open-ended)
  - e. pools managed by other governments
  - f. annuity contracts